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THE MORNING STAR.

The Morning Star
Oldest Daily Newspaper in the State.
Largest circulation of any Wilmington Paper.

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OUTLINES.

The deadlock in the Kentucky State Legislature remains unbroken, Beckham leads Bradley by two votes——Superintendent Stephens, on the Ray plantation near Americus, Ga., shot and killed a negro workman who hit him over the head with a shovel and them surrendered to the authorities——It has practically been decided by the Navy Department at Washington, to give the builders of the armored cruiser, North Carolina, another chance to see if the ship can make the speed required by the contract——The Census Bureau issues a report showing that the total amount of cotton in the United States ginned from the growth of 1907 to January 16, was 10,337,607 bales as compared with 12,176,199 bales for the same period last year and 9,989,634 bales for the same period in 1906. The total number of active ginners was 27,370——In Congress the Urgent Deficiency Appropriation bill occupied the attention of the House to the exclusion of all other business. A surprise was sprung when Chairman Tawney of the Appropriations Committee warned the members that the country was confronted with the certainty of a $100,000,000 deficit, unless the estimates for the next fiscal year should be cut down materially. The question of appointing surgeons to take charge of hospital ships was also discussed——Justice Dowling is determined to rush the Thaw trial to a close and has ruled that each side can put in but three expert witnesses——New York markets, flour is steady and trading quiet; corn meal is firm, spot wheat is steady; spot corn is barely steady, oats easy, spirits at 53 1-2, rosin, strong; turpentine, quiet; money on call was easy at 1 1-2 to 2 1-4 per cent, ruling rate 2, closing bid 2. Spot cotton closed quiet at 20 points lower, middling uplands 11.90, middling gulf 12.15, sales 1,250——At Norfolk, Va., Judge Waddill signed a decree citing John Monk and other creditors to suit under which receivers were appointed and others interested, to appear February 25, when claims of creditors are to be heard on their respective merits——The M. K. and T. railway of Texas has applied to the State railroad commission for authority to sell 1,000 mile passenger transportation books at the rate of 2 cents a mile, good over the entire system. The application was granted, effective February 18.

They have discovered a beer agent in Georgia. Wonder what they will do about it.

Something is wrong somewhere. The Chicago Tribune is outspoken in opposition to the Aldrich currency bill.

That ex-banker of Chicago who faces a prison sentence of 540 years is not without hope that he may get the usual time off for good behavior.

That new lawyer of Thaw's, Mr. Littleton, doesn't need the alienists in his business. He has already made his client too crazy for the craziest of them.

They have just counted the Philippines again and have found many more of 'em; all of which makes it much the worse. Please stop counting.

"All the world loves a lover," so the saying goes, and it would appear that Miss Vanderbilt is no exception. She is to give her's a wedding present of $5,000,000.

When you have got a President who can run Congress, the country and the candidates and then find time to write magazines, you ought to be proud of him.

In going through the strait Admiral Evans' fleet will have the best time of the year for the purpose, the midsummer of the Southern hemisphere. But when the mosquitoes get after Admiral Bob, there will be some sulphur burned.

Judge Parker certainly did "rip Bryan up the back." We think the learned jurist knows what he is talking about. There are many men in this country ready to say that it was Col. Bryan and not the Republicans that defeated Parker.

At a preliminary hearing at Eufaula, Ala., Callie McLaughlin, who shot and killed William Jones Monday night has been very properly released, from custody, the court holding that the act was justifiable. The evidence showed that the woman shot Jones after he had forced a door to her residence.

According to the Washington Star, Senator Tillman addressed a Washington temperance meeting in advocacy of the dispensary system. He turned to the dispensary, he said, because he saw so much hypocrisy in prohibition. He believes, he said, that the dispensary "was a long step toward temperance. Yes, its intemperance, its corruption, lying and drinking and has turned many thousands of people against whiskey.

NEWS FROM RA[illegible]

Association of Female College Presidents in Carolina to Meet at Winston.

SPECIAL COURT AUTHORIZED

Five Charters Granted for Various Enterprises—Land and Cultivation Company at Tarboro—Other Notes of Interest.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 23.—President J. H. Clewell, of Salem Female Academy and College, spent the day here visiting the presidents of the three colleges for women—Baptist University, Peace Institute and St. Mary's School—and conferring with them with reference to the features of a programme being arranged for, an annual meeting of the presidents of the colleges for women in North and South Carolina to be held at the Salem Academy and College sometime in March. President Clewell is just completing a tour of all the colleges for women in the two States. He left here for Oxford this afternoon and will also go to Lenoir before returning to Winston-Salem. He is president of the association of college presidents for the Carolinas and the session to be held in March promises to be one of unusual and far reaching interest.

The Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Association, of Raleigh, has re-elected N. B. Broughton president; T. B. Parker vice president, and A. E. S. Lindsay, secretary-treasurer. The membership in the State has increased to 11,463 and over eight million dollars insurance is in force.

Rev. J. W. Long has resigned as secretary of the North Carolina Sunday School Association and the selection of his successor has been referred to a committee consisting of Rev. C. B. Long, of Burlington; Rev. S. M. Rankin, of Greensboro; ;and Dr. C. N. Poole, of Salisbury. The next State convention of the Association is to be in Burlington April 7th to 9th.

Five charters were granted today by the Secretary of State for new business enterprises, one each in Charlotte, Tarboro, King's Mountain, Asheboro and Oxford. The C. H. Robeson Company, of Charlotte, capital $150,000 by C. H. and F. J. Robeson, G. A. Smith, C. A. Duckworth and others for book, stationery and other mercantile business.

The Cotton Belt Land Company, of Tarboro, capital $100,000 for dealing in and cultivating cotton and other lands, incorporators, W. G. Clark, C. A. Johnson and others.

The People's Loan and Trust Company, Kings Mountain, capital $10,000 by J. B. Thomasson and others for banking and general investment business.

Horner Bros Co., Oxford, $25,000 capital for mercantile business. Incorporators Thomas and J. W. Horner and others.

Governor Glenn orders a special term of New Hanover county court for criminal cases to be convened at Wilmington March 2nd for one week, Judge Walter Neal presiding.

ALDERMEN IN SESSION.

Special Meeting Last Night—Firemen's Relief—Fire Escapes.

A special meeting of the Board of Aldermen was held last night in the Mayor's office at the City Hall for the purpose of appointing two members of the board of trustees of the firemen's relief fund as provided at the last session of the Legislature. Mayor Springer presided and all members of the Board were present except Messrs. Rathjen, Northrop, French and King, these having been detained for various reasons.

The two members on the board of trustees of the firemen's relief fund were elected in the persons of Alderman W. A. French, chairman of the City Fire Committee, and Mr. W. C. VonGlahn, secretary of the State Association, both personally identified with the work with which they will be charged. Alderman O'Brien nominated Mr. J. G. L. Gieschen as a member of the Board but this nomination was not pressed and the two gentlemen named were elected.

Chief Charles Schnibben, of the Fire Department, was present and through Chairman Jewell, of the Public Building Committee, brought up the matter of fire escapes for the Academy of Music section of the City Hall. The idea is to put in fire escapes from the third gallery from both windows on the north side and one from the second gallery from the two windows on the south side. These matters were discussed with favor and referred to Chairman Jewell, of the committee, for report at the next meeting of the Board.

No other matters having been suggested, the Board adjourned subject to call.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Palace Market—Hams.

Business Locals.

Lost—Black Silk Ruche.

For Sale—Good Wood Cheap.

Julius T. Gordon—Bright Boy Wanted.

If not, why not? Visit Gaylord's Wonder 1c Sale. **

THE MURCHISON BANK

Officers of Enlarged Institution Elected by Directors Yesterday—President, Two Vice Presidents and Cashier are Chosen.

The reorganization of the Murchison National Bank along the greater lines made necessary by the recent absorption of the large interests of the Atlantic National Bank, was completed at a meeting of the enlarged Board of Directors of the institution held yesterday at noon. A large majority of the members of the newly-elected Board were present and entered with enthusiasm into the proceedings.

Mr. H. C. McQueen was unanimously re-elected president of the Bank, a position which he has held with great credit and satisfaction to the stockholders since the organization of the enterprise in 1898; Mr. J. V. Grainger was re-elected vice president; Mr. Joseph W. Yates, former cashier of the Atlantic National Bank, was elected also a vice president, and Mr. C. S. Grainger was elected cashier.

Mr. J. V. Grainger has heretofore been both vice president and cashier, but this office was divided and the position of cashier filled by the election of Mr. Chas. S. Grainger as stated above. Mr. Chas. S. Grainger has heretofore been assistant cashier of the bank.

It was current rumor directly after the consolidation that Mr. Yates was to be made cashier of the enlarged institution, but it seems that under the plan of reorganization of the staff as arranged by the directors, he is given a position of more dignity and with quite the same emoluments as would attach to the position of cashier.

Although the positions of tellers are not elective by the Board of Directors, both the tellers of the two consolidated institutions are rtained in the persons of Mr. Warren S. Johnson, with the Murchison National since before the consolidation, and Mr. Harry M. Crosswell, who went over with the Atlantic National Bank upon the merger of the two interests.

The bank is most ably officered with the elections by the Board yesterday and with its increased capital stock and its greatly enlarged resources, it is already one of the largest and strongest banks between Richmond and Atlanta.

IT DELIGHTED RALEIGH

Buster Brown and Tige at Academy of Music Saturday Twice.

Of "Buster Brown," which will be seen at the Academy here Saturday matinee and night, the Raleigh News and Observer on Tuesday of this week said:

"'Buster Brown,' in which name Jimmie Rossen, the biggest little comedian, appears in a bright, crisp and sparkling performance was at the Academy of Music Monday night and it is a matter of regret that the same offering is not to be seen tonight.

"It was delightful, so say all the great big house, crowded even for standing room, who had the pleasure of applauding time and again last night, the applause not only being won by 'Buster,' but by 'Mary Jane' and 'Tige' (was there ever so doglike a dog), the Dutchman, the Irishman, the grandmother and all others who took part in making the play a merry success, not forgetting the 'Bobby Burns' Brigade' and the pretty girls who took part, as well as the splendid male quartette.

"The performance this year was better than it was when it was seen here before. The company is a strong one, and there are more jolly good specialties. It was a winner last night, and Raleigh, represented by a great big audience, laughed, applauded, and then laughed some more. It was a success, was the performance, and those who can see it and fail to do so are to be sympathized with, for they will miss an evening of genuine happiness."

The sale of seats for both performances will commence this morning. The prices for seats for night will be $1 and $1.50, and for matinee 75 cents and $1. The general admission to either performance will be 50 cents.

CANADIANS WANT HIM.

Want to Interest Mr. J. A. Brown in Colonization Plans.

Yesterday's Charlotte Observer has the following which will be read with much interest by people in North Carolina, who are in position to know of the great success of the gentleman named with respect to his efforts in the East:

"Mr. J. A. Brown, whose home is at Chadbourn, and whose interests brought him to Charlotte to attend the sessions of the North Carolina division of the Southern Cotton Association, has achieved such marked successes that the impress has been felt by the Canadian government with sufficient directiveness to call forth a specific invitation or request for his presence in the affairs of the Dominion.

"It would be the plan of the Canadian officials to have Mr. Brown direct and control a series of colonizations in that section of Southwest Canada contiguous to the lands of the Northwestern States. Those in authority over affairs have already conferred with Mr. Brown, and with profit by his suggestion. So far it is known that Mr. Brown has not heeded any of the overtures thus projected.

Attend Rehder's Clearing Sale. **

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Large Number of Purely Local Bills Introduced in Both Houses Yesterday.

NUMBER MEASURES PRESSED

Two of Interest to Wilmington—Protect Grape Industry—Attempt to Restrict Legislation—Hearing of Railway Rate Matter.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 23.—Senator Bellamy today introduced in the Senate and Mr. Morton in the House, petitions signed by practically all the business men of Wilmington, appealing to the Legislature to do nothing that will cripple or destroy the grape industry in Eastern Carolina such as would prohibit the making and sale in quantities of wine.

A large number of bills of purely local character, some ridiculously trivial, were introduced in both houses. Notable among the bills introduced were:

McLaughlin, of Cumberland, to authorize the Secretary of State to make corrections in the act of 1907 enlarging the corporate limits of Fayetteville.

Fleming, of Pitt, to establish a new judicial district in Eastern Carolina including Martin, Pitt and Bertie counties.

Blair, of Montgomery, to prevent traveling salesmen from soliciting orders for liquors in prohibition territory.

Perrett, to amend the law as to Duplin county, regarding prisoners in jail working on public roads.

Perrett, to add Duplin county to the stock law territory.

Holt, of Guilford, to prevent the use of free passes by public officials and candidates for public office.

McLean, of Robeson, for the relief of ex-Sheriff McLeod of Robeson county.

McLean, to authorize bond issue by Lumberton to refund indebtedness.

Mason, to regulate physicians writing prescriptions in Gaston county.

Odell, to amend the law as to unlawful sale of liquor in Cabarus.

Among bills passed were: To authorize the Board of Aldermen of Wilmington to lease certain undeveloped property. Resolution requesting the Attorney General to furnish an itemized statement of the cost of the railroad rate litigation.

Bill passed to add Duplin to the stock law territory; also the bill as to working jail prisoners on the roads in Duplin.

The resolution of Mr. Pharr to limit the legislation so the session will not be prolonged came up. Mr. Pharr took the ground that it was certainly the spirit of the constitution, if nothing more, that general legislation can only be considered at the regular session. He contended there was no legislation outside of measures treated in the Governor's messages that could not wait until the next regular session, and further that he intended in the resolution to cut out the Governor's recommendation as to changes in the judicial districts.

Senator Mason opposed general legislation and declared every business man in the State would send up a shout of joy if the Legislature would adjourn at once, rate compromise or no rate compromise.

The resolution was referred finally to the Committee on Rules and the report of the Judiciary Committee holding that the Legislature has the right to take up any legislation was adopted.

Report on the Pharr resolution will be made tomorrow morning.

The Graham bill to appropriate $5,000 annually for the prosecution of the suits before the Inter-State Commerce Commission against the Norfolk & Western involving freight rate discrimination, was considered at length and was finally made the special order for Friday noon.

Among bills passed final readings in the House were to protect game in Richmond county; to reduce fees of county officers in Johnston; to authorize the commissioners of New Hanover and Aldermen of Wilmington to appropriate $1,000 each for efforts with Congress to secure a deeper channel and make Wilmington a gateway port.

In the House Mr. Manning, as chairman of the House Committee on Public Service Corporations, announced progress by the joint committee in the investigation of the railroad rate situation and indicating a desire of the joint committee to thoroughly canvass the situation before reporting a bill dealing with the rate situation and recommendations of the Governor as to the proposed compromise.

He indicated that it might be two or three days before the committee is ready to report a bill.

Williams, of Duplin, introduced a bill to repeal the present law allowing newspapers to receive passes or other concessions from railroads just before the House adjourned.

Railway Rate Hearing.

The House Committee on Public Service Corporations wrestled until a late hour tonight with the problem of the preparation of a bill that must be introduced embodying the railroad rate compromise or whatever adjustment of the matter the committee shall deem best to present to the Legislature. The committees of both houses sat jointly this afternoon and heard a number of speakers, including General Counsel Elliott, of the Atlantic Coast Line, who outlined the attitude of his company to the compromise. They had not agreed to the inter-State phase of the proposed mileage books.

J. H. Stewart and other representatives of the Order of Railway Conductors appealed for a three-cent rate on the ground that a 2 1-2-cent rate meant to them a ten per cent. cut in wages inevitably.

F. A. Woodard, of counsel for the State, appeared to say some had interpreted his remarks before the committee yesterday to imply his opinion was that the State had failed to show that a 2 1-4-cent rate was not confiscatory. He believed the State had made out a case, but felt it would be best to get together on a compromise.

The joint committee will hold another joint session tomorrow afternoon. A bill may be reported Saturday. The impression is strong that it will provide a 2 1-2-cent flat rate, leaving the railroads to make whatever concessions they deem best as to mileage books, since there is a doubt as to whether an act fixing the rate for single tickets and lower book rates would stand the test of the courts.

MEETING OF LOCAL BAR

Enthusiastic Endorsement Given the Effort For Creation of an Additional Judicial District of This County—Committee.

Enthusiastic endorsement was given by the local bar at a meeting yesterday morning at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court to the plan to have one of the new judicial districts, recommended by the Governor to the special session of Legislature, established in this county.

The meeting was well attended and all the attorneys present were unanimous in their opinion that the creation of a new district with Wilmington as headquarters would result in the saving of a large amount of time and trouble to litigants and others who have to do with the courts. Among those present at the meeting yesterday were Hon. John D. Bellamy, ex-Judge E. K. Bryan, Messrs. Eugene Martin, Iredell Meares, Herbert McClammy, Louis Goodman, Jos. W. Little, W. P. Gafford, J. O. Carr, F. W. Bonitz, George H. Howell, W. M. Bellamy, John W. Gafford, T. W. Davis, Woodus Kellum, Preston Cumming, Jr., and C. C. Loughlin.

Mr. Eugene Martin, dean of the bar, was elected chairman and J. O. Carr, Esq., secretary. Hon. John D. Bellamy explained the object of the meeting and made it very clear at the outset that the personal ambitions of no member of the bar was behind the movement, that it was a question of need and that every pressure should be brought to bear upon the Legislature to provide a relief which cries loud from New Hanover where both the civil and criminal dockets are congested to a point almost beyond hope.

Iredell Meares, Esq., spoke in hearty advocacy of the proposed bill and said the matter had been a hobby with him for some years. He explained the probable machinery of such a court and pointed out the incalculable benefit that would accrue. Ex-Judge Bryan, Mr. Carr, Mr. McClammy, Mr. Davis and others spoke along the same line and finally upon motion of Mr. McClammy and amendment by Judge Bryan, a committee composed of Hon. John D. Bellamy, J. O. Carr, Esq., and Herbert McClammy, Esq., were appointed to draft the desired bill, take it to Raleigh and do all in their power to secure its endorsement by the Governor and its immediate passage by the Legislature at the extra session. It was also resolved that the bar act as a committee of the whole in putting forth every effort to secure the desired relief for the county.

Ricaud & Empie, Attorneys.

It will be pleasing news to the many friends of both gentlemen to know that Messrs. A. G. Ricaud and Brooke G. Empie have formed a copartnership for the practice of law under the firm name of Ricaud & Empie and that they will have handsome offices in the Garrell building. Mr. Ricaud was one of the most popular mayors Wilmington ever had and has achieved distinction in the law both here and in New York where he has resided the past ten years. Mr. Empie has represented his county and district in the General Assembly and combines with a wide personal popularity, a thorough knowledge of the law and rare gifts as an advocate.

Old Veteran in Distress.

Attention is called to the fact that there is in Wilmington an aged veteran of the Confederate Army, Mr. Giles Lee, six years past the age alloted by the Psalmist, sick and feeble, and who is very desirous of securing sufficient funds to secure his passage to his home in Wayne county. He is at the home of Mr. Joe Miller, in an avenue running from Second, between Castle and Queen streets, and would be thankful for any donations of money. He has all his papers as to his service and it is safe to say that the case will not go unnoticed by those so tenderly devoted to the Lost Cause in Wilmington.

54-inch white organdie, 25c kind, 15c yard at Gaylord's, **

Attend Rehder's Clearing Sale. **

STATE PROHIBITION

Bill For Ratification by People Introduced Simultaneously in Both Houses Yesterday.

SOME OF ITS PROVISIONS

One Committee Reports its Favorably. Election to be Held on First Thursday in August—Existing Laws Not Disturbed.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 23.—There was introduced in duplicate today in the Senate and House a bill providing for a State prohibition election to be held under agreement reached in the Democratic Legislative caucus Tuesday night, the bill being presented in the Senate by Senator Long, of Iredell, and in the House by Representative Dowd, of Mecklenburg.

The bills went to the committee on propositions and grievances and the Senate committee decided this afternoon to report it favorably, the House not having yet voted on its report, the discussion in committee being in progress tonight.

The bill provides in the first section that liquors shall be obtainable only on prescription from physicians from a medical depository or drug store, physicians specifying the amount required but that wines and ciders may be manufactured and made from grapes, berries or fruits raised on lands of makers or other persons and sold at place of manufacture, only in quantities not less than five gallons, the package not to be opened on the premises or any of it drank there.

Section 2, defines spiritous, vinous and malt liquors.

Section 3 prescribes a fine or imprisonment for violation of the provisions of the act.

Section 4 makes the place of delivery the place of sale.

Section 5 makes it possible to procure wine for "religious or sacramental purposes."

Section 6 allows commissioners or town aldermen to prohibit druggists from selling liquors.

Section 7 repeals all laws in conflict and provides that none of the local and special acts for prohibition now in force shall be repealed whatever the result of the election.

Section 8 makes a violation of any feature of the act a misdemeanor.

Section 9 makes the law effective January 1st, 1909, provided a majority of the votes cast are against the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors.

Section 10 provides that the election shall be held on the first Thursday in August next and provides details of the machinery for the election.

All the afternoon and until 10 o'clock tonight the House Committee on Propositions and Grievances heard argument on and considered the bill for the prohibition election. The Senate committee during the afternoon amended the bill so surgeons as well as physicians could prescribe liquor and sent that bill as amended to the House Committee tonight with the result ultimately that the body also voted for a favorable report without further amendment. So the election is scheduled for August 6th, if passed as reported tomorrow.

The discussion attained a marked degree of excitement at times before the House committee. Among the Anti-Saloon League representatives heard were Solicitor Heriot Clarkson, of Charlotte; State Chairman John A. Oates, Representative Hartness, Dr. R. T. Vann and others. There was much cross-firing as to what degree the matter is a party issue, Chairman Dowd holding that it was so, only to the extent it was to the Democratic party that the State looked for good government and the promulgation of measures for moral uplift.

Representative Cowles stirred considerable interest by the contention that if grapes be permitted to be converted into wine in eastern Carolina then the apple growers in the west should have the privilege of converting apples into brandy. Representative Grant also vexed the Anti-Saloon representatives with insistence that if wine was to be made in the East then there should be a right of Western men to through shipment across the State. The amendments as to both were voted down.

In view of the strong probability of an election for the entire State, it was learned yesterday that the local prohibitionists are undecided as yet whether they will continue their fight for a local election under the existing Watts and Ward laws or will abandon it and rely upon the likelihood of success in the general fight. It was stated yesterday that the local steering committee of the Anti-Saloon League had a sharp eye on the legislative doings in Raleigh and that probably early next week the atmosphere will have so cleared as to enable them to take intelligent action. In the meantime the committee from the Board of Aldermen which has in hand the petitions calling for an election in Wilmington on March 17th, is going right ahead with its work and have completed an examination of the names with the registration books. Now the poll tax payment test will be applied and

(Continued on page four.)

The Morning Star.

Founded in 1867.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.
Owner and Editor.

WILMINGTON N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Friday, January 24, 1908.

CONDUCT OF MEN OF FLEET.

Some accounts from Brazil, which have arrived in this country regarding the behavior of the men of Admiral Evans' fleet, while on shore liberty show up mighty bad; but we don't put much stock in them.

Why such sensational dispatches should have been sent, passes comprehension, as, according to the accounts given, the so-called disorderly conduct amounted to nothing more than the noisy demonstrations of a few men who enjoyed their shore liberty a little too much.

It should be remembered that Evans has with him in the neighborhood of 14,000 men. As many as 4,000 were allowed ashore at a single time.

It is more than probable that one or two, probably more, went to excesses, but the others should not be made to suffer for the sins of a few.

According to the testimony of the British authorities at Port of Spain the conduct of the American sailors was most exemplary, and the Chief of Police of Rio has also stated in a speech that the conduct of the American sailors while ashore has been entirely within bounds. Such testimony should prove sufficient to silence such criticisms as have been contained in a few dispatches.

The modern American sailor is commonly well-behaved and self-respecting, and it is monstrously unjust as well as unfair to condemn the whole body of sailors because a few individuals become noisy. The same thing would as readily happen among large bodies of vigorous young men in civil life, and nothing would be thought of it.

The complaints that have been made are instigated by much the same unpatriotic motives which inspire the exclusion of men in uniforms from places of amusement in a few cities in this country.

Notwithstanding the misleading dispatches from Brazil, the people of this country need have no uneasiness on the score of the conduct of the enlisted men of the Navy while ashore in such places as the battleships may visit while enroute around the South American coast to the Pacific.

As a whole they average up all right. They are as well-behaved a body of men as can be found anywhere in the world. The great mass of the bluejackets are self-respecting and can safely be counted on to frown down any disposition a few of their number may develop to transcend the bounds of gentlemanly conduct while on shore leave.

WHERE THE GOLD GOES.

There is a notion that is more or less generally entertained by some of the financial theorists of the country that prices of most, if not all articles of merchandise are fixed by the amount of gold in any commercial country, or in the several countries that carry on with each other large commercial operations.

Upon this theory they discover what ought to be the price of bread or meat, or of other necessaries, by dividing the supply of food into the total stock of gold. If the gold supply be large the dividend will be in proportion and the price of food will be correspondingly increase, while if the stock of gold be small, the dividend will be correspondingly reduced, showing that the price must be reduced to the standard of the dividend.

According to this theory, the rise in prices of necessaries in the past few years is attributed to the increased supplies of gold and therefore the value of gold is held to be steadily decreasing, so that if it should become as plentiful as iron or as the stones under our feet, the price of all articles of consumption would go sky high.

This is a preposterous notion so far as the present stock of gold and present prices of necessaries go. In the first place, gold is not used in any branch of trade in the United States except for exchange with foreign countries. The banks are not required to have gold, and they care nothing for it.

Much the same conditions exist in all other parts of this country. Gold has no place in general business, and except when used for ornament it answers no other purpose but for foreign exchange.

During the recent panic in this country, some $90,000,000 in gold was brought from Europe because foreign paper money could not be used here, and the only way in which this gold could be handled in business was to turn it into the National Treasury and get paper in exchange.

Prices of merchandise are fixed by the ordinary rules of supply and demand, except when combinations are able to corner and monopolize such articles.

In that way prices of cotton, grain and other necessaries can be put out of the reach of ordinary consumers, and in order to screen and conceal such oppressive monopolies it is the custom to lay the blame of higher prices on this increase in the gold supply.

CAN KICK WOMEN IN VIRGINIA.

They seem to be having a "rough house" time up at Newport News, which is said to be a very thriving "burg," near historic Hampton.

In a case in the police court at that city the other day, a Judge Brown could not find a man guilty who had kicked a woman.

We get our information from the Times-Herald, an up-to-date daily published in the city.

"When a woman slaps a man in the face she deliberately takes off her dress and puts on pants."

That was the decision handed down by the Virginia Judge but what was the poor woman going to do, stand for insults and not he allowed to resent them.

It seems from the news report published in the Times-Herald that the case "attracted considerable interest." No wonder it did, when a man kicked a woman.

From the Times-Herald's court report we take the following:

The justice held that the woman had provoked the assault, that Mr. Palmer had not shown roughness toward her in beginning of the trouble and that when she slapped him she robbed herself of the consideration which is usually due to a woman either from a court or individuals. It was admitted that Mr. Palmer in the anger of the moment, had kicked Mrs. Wakely.

It seems that Palmer is a prosperous business man of the shipbuilding city but we wonder who and where is Mrs. Wakely's husband.

It seems to us that it is about time he got busy.

MISSISSIPPI'S NEW GOVERNOR.

Hon. E. F. Noel is now governor of the State of Mississippi, succeeding Governor Vardaman, who has been more or less in the limelight for some time and who now takes a back seat.

Mr. Noel is said to be an able lawyer and a sound and conservative Democrat. He was chosen at the recent State election over several other candidates.

Except that he is a prohibitionist on the liquor question, he is remarkably free from the radicalism that is growing so rapidly in our American politics, and the great State of Mississippi is promised a fair degree of peace and prosperity under his administration.

Governor Vardaman, the outgoing Executive, is a man of ability, and although inclined to radical views on various public subjects, has done well for his State and people and has constantly sought to advance their best interests. He is active and energetic, and is not likely to remain long out of touch with political affairs in his State.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—The increase in pharmacies that follows in the wake of the prohibition wave does not mean that booze is essential to health; according to supply and demand, the closed saloon is succeeded by the open drug store.—Houston, Texas, Chronicle.

—The prospect for the next few months, then, is that better times are coming, that the demand for labor will increase until the ranks of the unemployed dwindle and that the improvement in industrial conditions will be gradual but steady.—Boston Advertiser.

—This restoration of a normal status of banking affairs in New York will quickly lead to a resumption of normal monetary conditions all over the country. Money rates may be expected to decline, and cash will be available for all business requirements. A gradual revival of trade may naturally be expected to follow the restoration of confidence in financial circles.—New Orlean Picayune.

—The New York banks will roll up a large surplus rapidly. The fact that there is no longer any unusual need of money will bring it out of hiding everywhere. Coin and legal tender will flow to-ward the metropolis from other cities. The financial centre of the country will soon be in a position of evident and extraordinary strength. That means the speedy restoration of confidence everywhere in all phases of the financial situation.—Cleveland Leader.

TWINKLINGS.

—"Extravagant, is he?" "Recklessly so; why, he pays his bills as soon as they are due."—Cornell Widow.

—Not Expected of Him.—"So you want a job, hey? Well, what did you do at your last place?" "I didn't do anything. I was the office boy."—Judge.

—Wayside Notes.—"I uster git a good deal of junk from dat house, but don't no more." "De leddy must be trimmin' her own hats."—Washington Herald.

—Lawyer—I can get you a divorce without publicity for a hundred pounds. Society Woman—How much more will it cost with publicity?—Illustrated Bits.

—Phil O. Sopher—Don't worry, old man. Chickens always come home to roost, you know. Discouraged Friend—Yes—after they have laid their eggs in some other fellow's barn.—Judge.

—First Visitor—Most interestig country round about here. Have you seen the ruins? Second Visitor (who has just paid his bill)—Yes; I suppose you mean the guests leaving this hotel.—London Tit-Bits.

—"That speech," said the vociferous statesman, "comes from the bottom of my heart." "Indeed!" rejoined the critical friend. "It sounds to me as it came entirely from the top of the larynx."—Washington Star.

—Miss Elderleigh—Doctor, do you believe that bleaching the hair leads to softening of the brain? Doctor—No; but I believe that softening of the brain sometimes leads to bleaching the hair.—

—Miss Knox—She's being treated by one of those complexion specialists. I wouldn't let anybody make that experiment with my face. Miss Cutting—Why not? He certainly couldn't make it any worse.—The Catholic Standard and Times.

—The dark horse was inclined to be non-committal. "I'm not asking anything of anybody," he said, "but only a fool horse would kick a bucket of oats over." Thereupon his followers announced him as in the fight to win.—Philadelphia Ledger.

THE MINE PACK BURRO.

Information Gleaned by the Newcomer In Camp.

He was a newcomer in the mining camp, and as everything he saw appeared novel and interesting he kept up a rapid fire of questions that seemed mighty foolish to the boys.

The placid little pack burros, mostly ears and voice, pleased him immensely, and he supposed they were kept as pets or else as camp scavengers to nibble the labels from old cans and eat stray newspapers. He came across one packing a wheelbarrow secured on its back with wheel and handles in the air.

"My good man," he asked the owner, "can you tell me why the little donkey is tied to the wheelbarrow in that odd fashion?"

"I shore can, stranger," replied that accommodating individual. "This here jassax has been acquired by old Walapai Huggins for a house pet at the Bully Boy mine, an', bein' as the annimule is too dellycat' to walk all the way over them rough trails, the old man drives him uphill an' at the summit jes' naterally turns him down the other side. Yessir, it do come hard on old Walapai, but it's mighty restin' for the jassax."—Success Magazine.

Eating on the Train In Spain.

As even express trains seldom attain a higher rate of speed than twenty-five miles per hour travel is slow and tedious, though fairly comfortable, and to enjoy Spain one must assume the leisurely indifference of the Spaniard to whom manana is always the chosen time. He is wise who carries his own luncheons, and never are dainty tea baskets more indispensable than on these long journeys. Spanish etiquette demands that the traveler before partaking of his food must politely offer it to those who share the compartment with him. It may either be graciously accepted or declined. In no country is it so difficult to travel and to secure information, as but little English is spoken even by important officials.—Travel Magazine.

Buy your table linen at Gaylord's today. oo

Stricken in the night:
Lungs Congesting:
No Doctor near
PNEUMONIA had come wearing gum Shoes

Gowan's Pneumonia Cure

The Great Specific for Coughs, Colds, Croup and Pneumonia EXTERNAL—no habit formed

All druggists; Three sizes, 25 cents and fifty cents and one dollar.

Sold All over the Union and praised from Everywhere.

Report of the conditions of

THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK
Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of business December 3rd, 1907.

Resources:

Loans and Discounts	$609,417 64	
All other stocks, bonds and Mortgages	10,000 00	
Furniture and Fixtures	2,246 05	
Cash on Hand and in Banks	110,136 21	
Total		$731,799 90
Liabilities:		
Capital Stock	$ 30,000 00	
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	50,792 99	
Dividends Unpaid	7.50	
Deposits subject to check	$511,257 46	
Demand Certificates of Deposits	139,741 95	650,999 41
Total		$731,799 90

I, F. W. Dick, Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. W. DICK, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this the 5th day of December, 1907.

C. S. GRAINGER, Notary Public

Correst Attest,
M. W. DIVINE,
J. A. SPRINGER,
H. C. McQUEEN,
Directors

dec 6-tf.

Popular Brand
FOX RIVER BUTTER

It's the best quality made. The prices are right to merchants. Have been known as the best many years; advertising has given it strong support. Consumers can get it by the asking. Ask your Grocer for

FOX RIVER BUTTER

F. E. HASHAGEN CO.
WHOLESALE

ja 19 tf

Clyde Steamship Company.
New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C. Lines

New York for Wilmington.
S. S. Navahoe ....Friday, January 17.
S. S. Carib.....Friday, January 24

Wilmington to New York.
S. S. Carib.....Saturday, January 18.
S. S. Navahoe....Saturday January 25.

Wilmington for Georgetown.
S. S. Navahoe....Monday, January 20.
S. S. Carib.....Monday, January 27.

Both steamers have good passenger accommodations.

Through bills of lading and lower through rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight and passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD, F. T. M.
H. H. RAYMOND, V. P. & G. M.
290 Broadway, New York.
General Offices, Pier 36 N. R. Brch, N. Y.

ja 12 tf

Coal Lime

W. B. THORPE & CO., Inc.

WOOD WOOD
WOOD

Oak, Black Jack and Pine, Cut for stoves.

"Lightwood Blocks." "Mid-way" Lumps.

The best Coal for Grates. Building Material.

Lime, Cement, Wall Plaster, etc.

Wood Cement

dec 1 tf

GUION & DAVIS,
Barbers and Hair Dressers.

Are still at the old stand, No. 7 South Front street, where they are prepared, as usual, to serve the public in the best style. Everything necessary to the comfort and complete satisfaction of our patrons.

Wilmington is full of La Grippe

Here's The Best Remedy.

Just phone for your regular physician—he knows all your idiosyncrasies and will hit your case the first pop.

When he has called and left his prescription, phone us and we will send for it, fill and return medicine in the shortest possible time.

We send to every part of the city.

JAS. M. HALL
DRUGGIST
Fifth and Castle. 'Phone 192.

ja 12 tf

Chesapeake and Ohio Ry.
Scenic Route to the West.

Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:00 P. M.	11:00P.M.
Ar. Cincinnati	8:25 A. M.	5:00 P. M.
Ar. Chicago	5:30 P. M.	7:10 A. M.
Ar. St. Louis	6:28 P. M.	7:13 A. M.
Ar. Louisville	11:30 A.M.	8:00 P.M.

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.

Quickest and Best Route.

The line to the celebrated mountain resorts of Virginia.

For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address.

W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A.,
C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.
JNO. D. POTTS, Gen'l. Pas. Agt.

WITH AMPLE FACILITIES

to care for them, we are seeking new accounts and new friends for the new year.

The Southern National Bank

10 Per Cent Off On Wilsons

We will allow a discount of ten per cent. on all WILSON HEATERS and all other Heating Stoves now in stock.

Sloan & Sweeney

Phone 332 18 S. Front St.

ja 5-tf

"Red Cross Shoe"

For Tender Feet

Thick Soles that are more flexible than a turn.

JUST RECEIVED A NEW SHIPMENT.

PETERSON & RULF'S
202 NORTH FRONT STREET
Next to Murchison Bank

ja 15 tf

STATEMENT

Condition of THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK of Wilmington, N. C., at the close of business December 3rd, 1907.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$1,767,886 59
N. C. State Bonds	55,000 00
U. S. Bonds (at par)	450,000 00
Bank Building	25,000 00
Cash	891,114 25
	$3,189,000,84

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$ 500,000 00
Surplus and Net Profits	227,211 61
Circulation	425,000 00
Deposits	1,936,789 23
U. S. Bond Account	100,000 00
	$3,189,000,84

DEPOSITS:

December 3rd, 1903,	$1,457,386 48
December 3rd, 1905,	$1,856,479 01
December 3rd, 1907,	$1,936,789 23

dec 4 tf

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by Jeff D. Bradshaw to A. J. Johnson and duly registered in the office of the Collector of Customs of the United States in the City of Wilmington, N. C., in Book K., page 521 of mortgages, folio 62, the undersigned will sell, to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, in front of the United States Post office and Court House, in the City of Wilmington, North Carolina, on Thursday, the 30th of January, 1908, at twelve o'clock M., the steamer "A. J. Johnson," her tackle, apparel and furniture, and being of the gross tonnage of 57 and 10-100 tons.

A. J. JOHNSON,
By JOHN D. BELLAMY & SON,
ja 9 20d Attorneys.

We Wish For You

A Happy and Prosperous New Year

and make a bid for your business for the year 1908.

Respectfully,

J. W. Murchison & Co
HARDWARE.

dec 29 tf

Divorce Yourself from lard cooked food

The purity of *Cottolene* is apparent when you compare its source—the cotton fields of the Sunny South, with the source of lard—the pig-sty. Lard is an animal product of doubtful cleanliness and wholesomeness; *Cottolene* a vegetable product of absolute cleanliness and purity.

The economy of using *Cottolene* is easy to figure when you know that one-third less is required than of either lard or cooking butter.

If purity and economy count for anything in your eyes, *Cottolene* should be the frying and shortening medium used in your kitchen. It is recommended by the most noted cooks and pure food advocates of this country—people who have scientifically analyzed it and carefully tested it for all cooking purposes where lard or butter has been previously used.

Buy a pail of *Cottolene* today and give it a personal test.

Nature's Gift from the Sunny South

JUMPS ON PROHIBITION

Rev. Mr. Wasson Bitterly Attacks "Drys" at Meeting of Model License League in Louisville. The Extremists.

Louisville, Ky. Jan. 21.—The Model License League opened its first annual session in the winter garden of the Zelbach hotel today with a good attendance of delegates present from many parts of the United States. The object of the convention is the adoption of a liquor license law and the inauguration of a campaign for its enactment by various legislatures and city governments. The law will have for its purpose the elimination of low saloons; the removal of the saloon from politics by placing the proprietors out of the reach of "bosses" and the restriction of the number of saloons to conform to a certain standard of population. The delegates included legislators, brewers, distillers, state and city officials and publicists.

The morning session was devoted mainly to welcoming addresses and an explanation of the proposed model law.

Preacher Talks of Prohibition.

At the afternoon session Rev. William J. Wasson, of Riverhead, L. I., was introduced by President Gilmore. The Rev. Wasson began by saying that it is high time for the church people who are not extremists to take a hand and settle the liquor question on a rational basis. He said that he believed this to be a step in the right direction, and he hoped ministers of the gospel of all denominations would be wise enough and foresighted enough to see the question in the same light.

"The church can no longer afford to have its name exploited in the manner in which it is being used by the prohibitionists," said the Rev. Wasson.

"The church cannot acquiesce in the prohibitionist sentiment that a man cannot be a good Christian and handle or drink liquor. The church and the prohibitionist are as far apart as the poles."

The Rev. Wasson said that the question of drinking in moderation is one of individual conscience.

Prohibitionists Attacked.

He declared that the prohibitionists are puritanical, and that the puritan is a "manufacturer and wholesale dealer in artificial sin."

"The prohibitionist believes in the fetish of the law," said the Rev. Wasson. "If there is anything wrong anywhere, all that is needed, according to his belief, is a law against it. Intemperance can never be removed by the policeman's club, or the sheriff's warrant. I am opposed to the whole prohibition philosophy, because I think it is an outrageous infringement of human rights.

"Pious church people have ostracised the saloon keeper, laid all sins at his door, and have warned people away from him as from the mouth of hell. In the face of all this, they come along with the hypocritical cant that the atmosphere of the saloon is bad. What I ask you, have the church people done to better the conditions of the saloon?

"The real question before the American people today is 'what kinds of saloons shall we have?' Shall we have open, legitimate saloons, or underground dives and dens?

Church-Liquor Union Urged.

"I believe that the church and the liquor trade should stand shoulder to shoulder in this great fight. We need each other. There must be cooperation, without interference with the liberties and rights of American citizens."

Frank H. Farris, a state senator from Missouri, spoke after the Rev. Wasson. He said that he is not a manufacturer or a dealer, and therefore should properly come in the category as a "consumer."

He said that he is opposed constitutionally to prohibition, because it is a deprivation of rights. He declared that prohibition is a sham, and that the only way prohibition could ever be put into effect would be by the government of the United States.

—Charlotte, Jan. 22.—Following a two day session the annual session of the North Carolina Cotton Growers' Association came to an end this afternoon. President C. C. Moore was unanimously re-elected. The association put itself on record against unrestricted immigration and bucket-shops and in pursuance of a plan for a stronger organization elected a State organizer. Resolutions were adopted endorsing the warehouse system as a factor in holding cotton for 15 cents. The convention was addressed by a number of prominent Southern planters and business men.

HEALTHY PLANTS

Require the Most Careful Attention as Well as Good Soil.

Did you ever see a rosebush which—despite the most beneficent environment of soil—of sunshine—and of atmosphere, seemed never to achieve a healthy growth.

A ton of manure will not help a plant that has a canker eating out its heart.

You must destroy the cause before you can remove the effect.

You cannot cure Dandruff and Baldness by rubbing on hair lotions, and rubbing in vaseline, etc.

You must look to the cause of the trouble—it's a germ at the roots of your hair which causes it to fall out.

Newbro's Herpicide destroys the germ, and healthy hair is the sure result.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

Two sizes—50 cents and $1.00.

HARDIN'S PHARMACY. Special Agt.

Mind Your Business!

If you don't nobody will. It is your business to keep out of all the trouble you can and you can and will keep out of liver and bowel trouble if you take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They keep biliousness, malaria and jaundice out of your system. 25c at R. R. Bellamy's drug store.

HOW PROFESSOR HAMOND MET HIS WIFE

[Original.]

It was lecture day at the Woman's club. A gentleman—gentlemen were invited for the lecture—sat in the reading room by a table passing the time glancing over periodicals. Two ladies entered and seated themselves in easy chairs by a window. The one was fat, gray haired and self contained, the other angular and with sharp eyes.

"Who is this Professor Hamond, Lucy, who is to lecture today?" asked the elder.

"All I can tell you is that he is a Ph. D. of some German university; that he studied for the ministry, but prefers to lecture."

"Have you heard him?"

"No, but Clara Stewart has. She says the lecture he is to give today on 'The Family' is very touching."

"Humph! If what I hear is correct he'd better lecture to himself on that subject."

A lady of refined appearance strolled into the room in time to hear the remark. Going to a newspaper rack, she took down a file of papers and proceeded to look for some item. The ladies at the window glanced at her and lowered their tones, but, becoming interested in what they were saying, soon forgot both her and the gentleman at the table.

"What have you heard?"

The elderly lady leaned forward and whispered something in her companion's ear.

"You don't mean it, Mrs. Gunby!"

"Fact."

"What does the lecture committee mean by inviting such a man to speak to this club?"

"His wife's almost broken hearted about it."

"And think of the poor children!"

"I'll cut the lecture."

"I wouldn't miss it for anything. I like to see those human vampires and hear them talk, knowing how corrupt they are."

The lady looking through the newspapers stepped toward the conversationalists.

"I beg your pardon, ladies," she said, "but if you are discussing Professor Hamond, who is to lecture to us today, you do him a great wrong."

"Do you know him?" asked Mrs. Gunby, drawing down the corners of her mouth ominously.

"Only through a course of lectures he has published. The man who wrote them must be pure at heart."

"We are perfectly willing," said Mrs. Gunby, "that you should have your opinion, and we propose to have ours."

She punched the floor with her parasol handle with such vehemence that the gentleman at the table looked up.

"Pardon me, ladies," he said. "Not being a member of your club, I perceive it is proper that I should retire while you are engaged in personal remarks, but before going I would like to say that I am personally acquainted with Professor Hamond, and so far from neglecting his family he has no family. He is a bachelor."

Mrs. Gunby and her companion arose from their seats and, with very red faces, stalked out of the room, leaving the gentleman and the other lady together.

"Permit me to thank you," he said, "for defending one of my sex who, whatever his shortcomings, has no blame for maltreating an imaginary family. Is such criticism allowable in your clubhouse?"

"Certainly not. I shall report it. Will you give me your name that I may refer to you in the matter?"

"I beg that in this instance you will not do so. It would be very unpleasant for me."

"I see. Such gossip is beneath your interference, and you are wise not to permit yourself to be mixed up in it. We haven't another such woman as Mrs. Gunby in the club. How she got in I can't imagine."

"Why, professor," exclaimed the president of the club, hurrying in, "I didn't know you had arrived. Let us go to the auditorium."

"First, I must beg an introduction to this lady whom I have met casually."

"Certainly. Miss Lee, Professor Hamond. Miss Lee is one of our board of governors."

Miss Lee stood looking at Professor Hamond in astonishment, a slight blush rising to her cheeks—a blush she did not need to make her beautiful.

There was a clapping of hands as the president escorted the lecturer to the rostrum. A fat woman in one of the front rows made a commotion in trying to get out from an interior seat and waddled through the aisle toward the door.

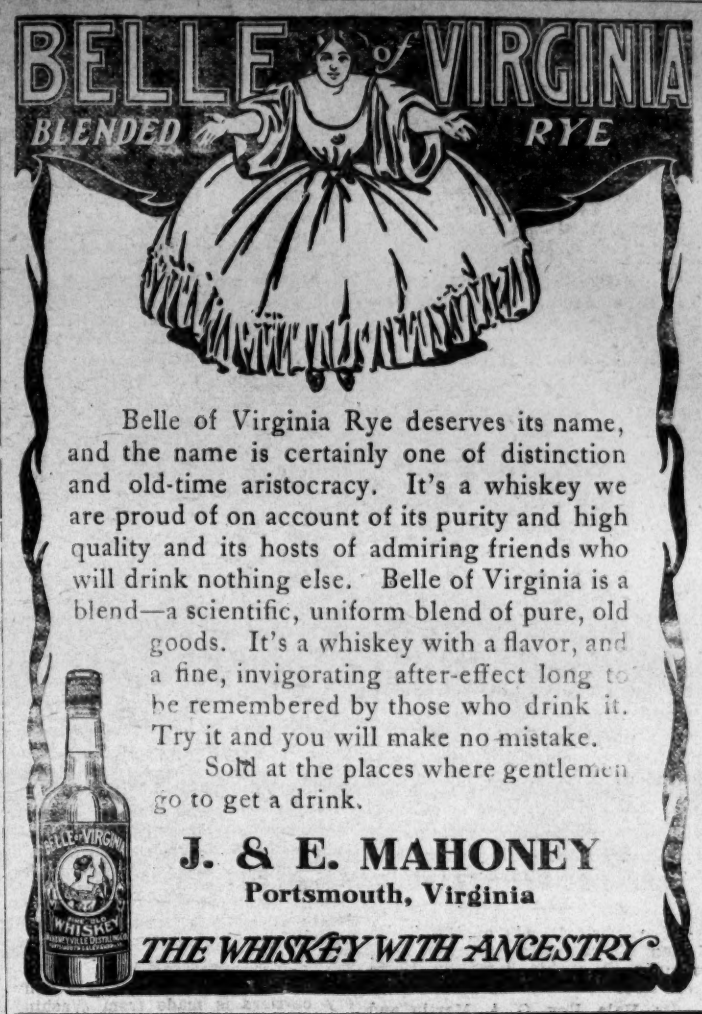
"What's the matter with Mrs. Gunby?" asked one of the ladies in the audience of another. "Her face is red as a turkey cock."

At this point the lecturer began his address, charming his hearers with the beauty of his ideas, the tact that guided their expression and the heart there was within them. The defense of Professor Hamond by one who judged him simply by his written words comprised the closing sentence of the lecture. Quoting an eminent man, he said, "One who can give forth such sentiments must be pure at heart."

This acknowledgment of the lecturer's appreciation, intended for but one of his audience, was lost, as such, upon the rest. Miss Lee at the moment put her handkerchief to her face, but no one noticed.

Two years later the members of the Woman's club received cards to the wedding of Professor Hamond and Miss Lee. Mrs. Gunby was not taken to task for her ill timed gossip, but she found it more pleasant to resign from the club.

CORA ASHWORTH.



Belle of Virginia Rye deserves its name, and the name is certainly one of distinction and old-time aristocracy. It's a whiskey we are proud of on account of its purity and high quality and its hosts of admiring friends who will drink nothing else. Belle of Virginia is a blend—a scientific, uniform blend of pure, old goods. It's a whiskey with a flavor, and a fine, invigorating after-effect long to be remembered by those who drink it. Try it and you will make no mistake.

Sold at the places where gentlemen go to get a drink.

J. & E. MAHONEY
Portsmouth, Virginia

THE WHISKEY WITH ANCESTRY

Make Her a Present With the Ring

after you have looked over our large and beautiful assortment. We have engagement rings that will outshine the lovelight in your fiance's eyes and make them sparkle with joy when you look upon the lustre of our solitaire diamonds, or the marvelous pigeon blood ruby, opal, necklace or broach that we are showing in our exquisite stock of jewels.

Cut glass, fancy China, silverware in the latest importations. Expert watchwork and engraving.

F. A. BISSINGER.
119 Market.
ja 21 tf

Medium Size
F. F. V.
HAMS
J. Hargrove Taylor
131 MARKET ST. GROCER.
no 22-tf Phone 1052

EDISON PHONOGRAPHS

We Sell
The Edison Phonograph

the most perfect sound producing machine, Mr. Edison's favorite invention, which contains all his new improvements, and sell it for cash or on the easy payment plan. We are now showing the new model with the big horn, the greatest triumph in Phonograph making. We also have a very large stock of Sheet Music, all the popular songs, and at low prices. Come in and look it over.

J. W. Robinson & Co.
205 PRINCESS STREET.
ja 21 tf

Advertising Pays Best In The Morning Star.

Christmas Goods. ..

Illustrated Books,
All the Late Novels,
Fancy Box Paper,
Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pens.
All kinds of novelties,
Huyler's fine Candies.

ROBERT C. De ROSSET
Book Seller and Stationer

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN
ESTABLISHED 1831

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper,
AND ADMITTEDLY THE
Leading Agricultural Journal of the World.

Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines.
No other paper pretends to compare with it in qualifications of editorial staff.
Gives the agricultural NEWS with a degree of completeness not even attempted by others.

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WHO WISH TO
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Four Months' Trial Trip 50 cents.

SPECIMEN COPIES
will be mailed free on request. It will pay anybody interested in any way in country life to send for them. Address the publishers:

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
Albany, N. Y.
Subscriptions taken at this office.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County made in the cause of Ralph M. Harrelson, Administrator of Joseph Todd, deceased, versus Helen M. Todd et al, the undersigned Commissioner appointed by said decree will sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, on Saturday, January 25th, 1908, at twelve o'clock M., at the Court House door of said County, in the City of Wilmington, the following described lot of land in said City: Beginning in the Eastern line of Ninth street 154 feet South of the Southern line of Castle street; runs thence Southwardly along Ninth street 44 1-2 feet; thence Eastwardly parallel with Castle street 70 feet; thence Northwardly 44 1-2 feet; thence Westwardly 70 feet to the beginning, being part of Lots 1, 2 and 3 Block 81.

WM. M. BELLAMY,
dec 25 30d Commissioner.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
Architect and Consulting Engineer
406 Southern Building
dec 1 tf

THE IMPLEMENT STORE

All kinds of improved implements. Syracuse Middle Bursters, Syracuse Chilled Plows. Avery New Ground Plows, $5 to $10.

Avery Disc Harrows. Largest stock and lowest prices on all kinds of farm and garden tools. Give us a trial.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE COMPANY.
jan 3-tf.

What's the Use

of paying more for an article through prejudice, than you can buy for less, that's just as good?

Take Whiskey, for Instance.

We make but one charge—just for whiskey—that's all. When you pay more than we ask for our whiskey you are being taxed for something else besides the whiskey.

Now "WHAT'S THE USE" of you paying an excess to anybody for imaginary superiority—when we have the same goods, but are content through immense volumes of sales, to break even on profits—instead of "hiking up" the price beyond the point of giving you value received.

"CHESTERFIELD" products are "AS GOOD AS THE BEST FOR LESS." That's the reason "CHESTERFIELD" Whiskies are popular.

"CHESTERFIELD NEVER DISAPPOINTS." Full quart $1.00. TRY IT.

Southern Distilling Co.
M. SELIGMAN, MANAGER.
Phone 248 for quick delivery. se 22-tf

A Lunch for the Epicure

that "touches the spot," and that is always appetizing and satisfying, is our fresh, fat and luscious Oysters on the half shell, with a bottle of Munchener, Pabst, Budweiser or Schlitz it is complete.

We serve oysters raw, stewed, fried or broiled and they are cooked in a style that can't be excelled anywhere.

Atlantic Cafe
OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT
GIESCHEN BROS. Props.
jan 7 tf

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

Notice is hereby given of a special meeting of Stockholders in The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company to be held at 10 o'clock a. m. Monday, January 20th, for the purpose of acting upon recommendations from the Board of Directors that the Capital Stock of the Company be increased from $25,000 to $100,000, and for the transaction of such other business as may appear before the meeting.

C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

ja 10 tf

The Morning Star.

Friday, January 24, 1908.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau.

Friday, January 24, 1908.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. Thursday, January 23rd:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 44 degrees; 8 P. M., 41 degrees; maximum, 65. degrees; minimum, 42 degrees; mean, 54 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month, 2.69.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville on Thursday at 8. A. M. 8 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair much colder Friday with high northwest winds, Saturday fair not quite so cold in interior.

STORM WARNING.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 23,—Northwest storm warning, 9:35 P. M., Jacksonville, Savannah, Charleston, Wilmington. Storm of North Carolina coast moving southeast. High northwest winds Friday with much lower temperature.

Port Calendar—Jan. 24.

Sun Rises .. ..7:06 A. M.
Sun Sets .....5:19 P. M.
Day's length ....10 hrs. 7 min.
High water at Southport 11:20 P. M.
High water at Wilmington 1:40 A. M.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—The many friends of Mr. S. W. Holden will regret to learn that he is seriously ill at his home on North Front street.

—Dr. Hale, Rev. G. A. Martin and Mr. H. G. Fennell have returned from Raleigh where they went to attend the State Prohibition Convention

—Former State Senator B. G. Empie returned yesterday morning from Raleigh where he has been "looking in upon" the Legislature.

—Capt. W. L. Harlow, Capt. C. E. McCulloch and Capt. J. T. Garney were among the railway conductors from the State who spent the first of the week in Raleigh protesting against further adverse railroad legislation on account of the effect that such is having upon the employes of the system. They went entirely without the solicitation or knowledge of the company and their influence with that of the hundreds of others in Raleigh is bound to be felt during the present session.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY CHARGED.

Ammie Cumber and Wm. Pigford in Desperate Straits—Police.

Ammie Cumber and William Pigford, two young white men, well known in the city, having at one time or another been charged with various petty offences, were before the Mayor yesterday noon for the robbery of another young white man, Charles Jones, of Greenville, N. C., a stranger in the city. Jones had a dress suit case filled with clothing and other articles and late Wednesday afternoon was lying drunk on the steps of a lodging house at the rear of Front street market. Several persons saw Pigford relieve his pockets of a small amount of cash and Cumber, it appears, went off with his dress suit case. The matter was called to the attention of police headquarters and Officer H. W. Howell went down and arrested Pigford, charged with robbery, and the victim, Jones, for being drunk and down. Cumber went off before the officer arrived and was later picked up drunk and down by Officer Leon George, the dress suit case in his possession so far as a drunken man is able to possess anything. They remained mute at the trial yesterday and both were bound to the higher court under bond of $100. Pigford was held on the additional charge of carrying concealed weapons, a pair of metal knucks and a razor having been found on his person. The stranger was taxed with the cost for being drunk and down and was required to give a $50 bond for his appearance at the higher court to testify against the men who robbed him.

Other cases before the Mayor yesterday were Grant Page, arrested by Officer W. G. Brinkley on a warrant, charged with being implicated in the robbery of Mr. Geo. Schutte's store Sunday night, and Geo. Jackson, colored, charged by Officer G. R. Holt with fast driving. Page went to the higher court and Jackson paid a fine of $5 and costs.

GOING TO RALEIGH.

Representative McRackan, of Columbus, on His Way to Legislature.

Representative Donald McRackan, of Columbus, was in the city yesterday on his way to Raleigh to attend the extra session of the General Assembly. Mr. McRackan was unavoidably detained at his home on account of illness and could not be present for the opening of the session, but has endeavored to keep in close touch with the proceedings through the newspapers so that he will be prepared for intelligent action when he does arrive. He is a prominent member of the House Committee on Public Service Corporations, which is charged with handling that part of the Governor's message dealing with the railway rate matter, and will enter at once upon the deliberations of that committee when he gets to Raleigh. Mr. McRackan left on the 7 o'clock train last evening for the scene of action.

Chief of Police George T. O'Haver, Chief of Detectives Edward Kehoe, and five patrolmen at Memphis, Tenn., have been suspended for twenty days by Mayor James Malone, pending the hearing of charges of failure to suppress gambling, preferred by Commissioner Edward N. Crump, of the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners.

40-inch white lawns, 15c kind, 10c yard at Gaylord's. **

All furs reduced at Rehder's. **

LOCAL DOTS.

—Mr. Harris Lane, of Newbern, has arrived and will be connected with the Pepsi-Cola Bottling Works in this city.

—The meeting of the W. C. T. U., which was postponed from last Friday will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the First Baptist church. A full attendance is desired.

—The Art Department of Sorosis will meet in the club room this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The programme will be: (1) A paper on the life and works of Andrea del Sarto. (2) Reading, Andrea del Sarto by Browning. (3) Reading, Vasari.

—Evangelist J. T. Edmundson and daughter have just closed a great meeting at Magnolia where there were many professions and quite a number joined the church. Evangelist Edmundson and daughter will next be at Garland, N. C., for ten or fifteen days.

—The J. F. Garrell Company, Incorporated, has elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: President, John F. Garrell; vice president, Louis H. Skinner; secretary and treasurer, E. Y. Davis; general manager, J. J. Hopkins.

—This being the fourth anniversary of the Girl's Improvement Club, there will be a special service in the Church of the Good Shepherd tonight at 8 o'clock, to which all the friends of the young ladies are invited. Bishop Strange will make the address.

—The following from this week's issue of the Biblical Recorder will be read with interest by many friends in Wilmington: "Rev. R. H. Herring has resigned his pastorate at Siler City to become evangelist for the Neuse-Atlantic Association. It is expected that he will enter his new work at an early date."

—Appointment of rural free delivery carriers is made from Washington as follows for North Carolina routes: Clarkton, route 3, Don M. Baldwin, carrier; Dannie Bole, substitute. Maxton, route 4, Carl B. Pace, carrier; Walter J. Pace, substitute, Siler City, route 3, Mattie M. Beavers, carrier; Jessie A. Rogers, substitute.

—The British steamer Daleby, Captain Ramsey, cleared yesterday for Bremen with cargo of 11,900 bales of cotton, valued at $715,000 and consigned by Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son. Receipts continue well in advance of last year. Yesterday the number of bales was 2,271 bales against only 335 same day last season.

—The Star has with the compliments of the Chattanooga Medicine Company a copy of the Cardui Weather Chart and Calendar for 1908, containing the DeVoe forecasts for the year. A copy of the calendar may be had by enclosing ten cents stamps or 25 cents for three to the Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

—A dispatch from Charleston says that Captain Macbeth, of the steamer Onondaga, reports on Tuesday, 56 miles west southwest from Frying Pan lightship, passed a submerged wreck in 13 fathoms of water. The derelict will probably be given attention by the United States Revenue Cutter Seminole, which is now cruising on the coast.

BIG FIRE IN BALTIMORE

Four Firemen are Killed and Others are Injured.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Baltimore, Jan. 24.—Fire broke out a short time after midnight in the upper part of the building occupied by the firm of J. Regester & Sons, southeast corner of Holliday and Saratoga streets. The first alarm was followed by a general one, calling out all the aparatus in the city.

Then by a high wind from the northwest the fire spread rapidly and in an incredible shot time the northern wall of the building fell.

Saratoga street being very narrow four firemen were killed and many injured among them George Horton chief of the fire department.

The fire burned towards a number of old structures. A four story building in the rear occupied by the E. B. Reid & Son company soon caught fire and burned fiercely.

The bodies of Lieutenant Frederick Harmon, James Barrock, August Schriver and John Sleed, all of No. 3 engine company were taken from beneath the burning wall.

Fifteen firemen are known to have been injured. Chief Horton's skull is said to have been fractured and he is injured internally.

It is feared that he will die. Those killed were badly mangled.

WILD BOAR WAS AFTER KING.

Spain's Young Monarch Thought He Had Killed the Ferocious Beast.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Madrid, Jan., 23.—King Alfonso had a narrow escape from death while hunting today.

A wild boar unexpectedly appeared and rushed at the king who shot the animal.

The King then dropped his gun and walked up to the body supposing that he had killed the boar, but it suddenly bounded up and flew furiously at the King who was saved only by a prompt shot fired by one of the party into the maddened animal's head.

King Alfonso was unhurt.

Seven Years of Proof.

"I have had seven years of proof that Dr. King's New Discovery is the best medicine to take for coughs and colds and for every diseased condition of throat, chest or lungs," says W. V. Henry, of Panama, Mo. The world has had thirty-eight years of proof that Dr. King's New Discovery is the est remedy for coughs and colds, la grippe, asthma, hay fever, bronchitis, hemorrhage of the lungs, and the early stages of consumption. Its timely use always prevents the development of pneumonia. Sold under guarantee at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

Everybody satisfied at Gaylord's Big Sale. Now going on. **

Ten yards of best bleaching for $1.00 at Gaylord's. **

STATE PORHIBITION

(Continued from first page.)

this wi llbe taken up Monday afternoon. A member of the committee is quoted as having said that it might be impossible to complete this work even by the first meeting night in February. There is also a rumor going the rounds that after all, the petition may not have the names of enough qualified voters on it to justify the Aldermen in calling the election under the law. Still another rumor is that the Aldermen will not grant the petition anyway, if there is a likelihood of an election for the entire State any time in the immediate future, this on the grounds of public economy.

It is stated that the petitions originally contained 1,100 names. On checking these with the registration books, the Anti-Saloon Executive Committee is said to have found that only 577 had registered for the last municipal election. Then as will be remembered, the committee renewed its efforts to secure the 223 registered names that were required after Evangelist Ham left. These were secured with an additional 50 as a safe margin. If these 50 additional names will bear the close scrutiny to which they are being subjected by the committee, the petition will be valid; otherwise the election cannot be called.

It is safe to say that many of the local prohibitionists who are following the lead of Dr. Hale in the present fight are not pleased with the turn of affairs in Raleigh on Tuesday night. In the prohibition column edited by him in the afternoon paper, Dr. Hale rather "goes for" the extra sessionists and charges them with being controlled by the liquor interests. He reviews his entire plan a year ago for striking for legislation in 1909 in the meantime continuing the local fights in liquor strongholds and says that he did not believe it wisest and best for Wilmington, the liquor stronghold of the State, for the extra session to touch the matter of prohibition and frankly said so. But other prohibitionists could not see it that way and he says that he joined with them in the thickest of the fight and went to Raleigh. Then he reviews recent events at the State capital in connection with the Democratic caucus and says that "the strength and diplomacy of the liquor forces, through the present liquor-controlled Legislature, was displayed even before the General Assembly met for business." He says further that the plan of the caucus was to make it purely a political and party issue though prohibition is a great moral issue and the Republican members, nearly every one of whom is for prohibition, ought justly to have been allowed a voice in the matter. Referring to the refusal of the House caucus to receive the committee from the Anti-Saloon League, Dr. Hale inquires:

"Who, before, ever heard of a Democratic caucus (uncontrolled by liquor interests) refusing to allow a petition to be offered to them, an appeal from their fellow-Democrats! And yet these are the men who did not want to violate Democratic principles by passing a statutory prohibition law!"

Concluding he says that there is a rocky road ahead for prohibition and admonishes all the friends of temperance to gird up their loins and be prepared for a hard fight.

SOCIALISTS IN CHICAGO.

Plan of Unemployed to March Through Streets Resulted in Trouble.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Chicago, Jan. 23.—An attempt of the Socialists to bring about a "march of the unemployed" through the down town streets today resulted in two sharp fights with the police in which the would-be marchers were routed, after a number of men had been clubbed. Dr. Benjamin L. Reitman, the originator of the plan to march through the streets, and two of his followers, were arrested.

For several days Reitman, who is a Socialist had been making announcements of his intention to hold a parade of "hoboes" and "unemployed" despite the warning given him by Chief of Police Shippy, that no march through the streets would be permitted.

At a few minutes before 2 o'clock today a crowd commenced to gather on Michigan avenue and in a few minutes a column wos formed and headed by Reitman, they started west on Adams street.

After marching a block west on Adams street, Reitman countermarched to Michigan avenue, passed north to Madison street and then marched west two squares on Madison street. Here he encountered a strong squad of police under the command of Chief of Police Schuettler, who after a comma ndto disband had been disreagrded, ordered his men to charge the marchers. The police came on at the run and the column was instantly broken up. Several men were knocked down and the police used their clubs freely in quickening the footsteps of the fleeing "unemployed."

Followed closely by the officers the marchers darted into the crowd of shoppers along State street and several women were pushed to the sidewalk during the confusion. No arrests were made and nobody was seriously injured.

A number of marchers after getting away from the police went South in State street, attempting to form another column as they went. Just before reaching Clark, they were met by another detachment of police. Another order to disperse met with no response, the marchers attempting to shoulder their way along. The police instantly charged, swinging their clubs right and left. The marchers fled wildly. Reitman turned South in Clark street but was quickly caught and placed under arrest. He showed some fight, and was handled in vigorous style.

Reitman and two of his followers will be arraigned in court tomorrow on charges of disorderly conduct and inciting a riot.

Attention! Go to Gaylord's for bargains in white goods. **

15c towels, 10c; 10c towels, 7c at Gaylord's. **

A CALL TO OUR SALE

J. H. Rehder & Co.

THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

The Firm That Pays Your Car Fare.

Rehder's Great January Clearing Sale

Begins Monday Morning at 9 O'Clock and Continues for 10 Days

Everything in this immense establishment will be marked down to a price that will almost stagger belief. You should not miss this rare opportunity, One novel feature of this sale will be a One Cent Surprise Sale. Each morning at 10 o'clock for 30 minutes we will hand out to each customer a package containing useful articles, values from 5c to 50c each. No package will be worth less than 5c. Think of a 25c or 50c article for only one cent!

We will sell the best 8c calico, light, dark or any color, at 6c.
15-in. colored cotton toweling, the yard 1 7-8c.
50c and 75c hats, felt shape, at 10c.
Greatest bargains in all departments.

Remember the sale only lasts 10 days, and to get the best, you should be on hand at 9 o'clock when the sale begins.

All carpets and mattings laid free during this sale.
Read hand bills for prices.

ja 18 tf

TO THE BEACH
Suburban Schedule

(In effect Wednesday, Jan. 8th, 1908.)
Daily except Sunday.
LEAVE.

Wilmington East Bound	Wrightsville Westbound	Wrightsville Beach Westbound
7:00 A. M.	6:25 A. M.	
8:30 A. M.	7:55 A. M.	7:45 A. M.
10:00 A. M.	9:00 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	1:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
6:15 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	7:15 P. M.
8:00 P. M.	7:25 P. M.	9:15 P. M.
10:00 P. M.	9:25 P. M.	
	10.30 P. M.	

Sunday Schedule.
LEAVE.

Wilmington East Bound	Wrightsville Westbound	Wrightsville Beach Westbound
9:00 A. M.	9:55 A. M.	9:45 A. M.
10:00 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 A. M.
1:00 P. M.	1:55 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
2:30 P. M.	3:25 P. M.	3:15 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	4:25 P. M.	4:15 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	4:55 P. M.	4:45 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	5:55 P. M.	5:45 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	6:25 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
6:15 P. M.	7:25 P. M.	7:15 P. M.
8:00 P. M.	9:25 P. M.	9:15 P. M.
10:00 P. M.	10:30 P. M.	

Freight Schedule.

Leave Wilmington 4:00 P. M. (Daily except Sunday).

Freight received at 9th and Orange streets from 3:00 to 4:00 P. M.

CAROLINA PLACE SCHEDULE.

Cars will be operated between Front and Princess streets and Seventeenth and Market every 20 minutes. Leaving Front and Princess from 6:50 A. M. until 9:50 P. M.

Leaving 17th and Market from 7:00 A. M. until 10:00 P. M. All suburban cars will make regular stops at Delgado.

CAROLINA PLACE SCHEDULE.
(Sundays.

Leave Front and Princess streets every 20 minutes from 8:30 A. M. until 9:50 P. M.

Leave Seventeenth and Market streets every 20 minutes from 8:40 A. M. until 10:00 P. M.

Delgado and the Golf Links.

On the trips leaving corner of Front and Princess streets at 2:30, 3:30, 5:10 and 7:10 P. M. daily except Sunday, the Carolina Place car will be run to the Golf Links. Sundays 9:30 A. M.

Leave Golf Links daily, except Sunday, at 2:40, 3:40, 5:20, 7:20 P. M. Sundays 9:40 A. M.

For Gentlemen of Good Taste

San Felice high grade 5c Cigar

Samuel Bear, Sr. & Sons,
Distributors
18 and 20 MARKET STREET.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Hugh MacRae & Co.
SOUTHERN SECURITIES
Cotton Mill Stocks a Specialty
oc 10-tf

15 Days! 15 Days!

WONDERFUL ...SALE...

STARTS THURSDAY, Jan. 23

$2,000 Worth of Ladies' and Children's Cloaks and Furs To Be Sold at Less Than 60 Cents on the Dollar.

100 dozen 25c Shopping Baskets Thursday 7c	300 white bed spreads were $1.00, Thursday 69c
5,000 yards of 25c Hamburg in Swiss and cambric, yard..10c	10 yards of the best 15c bleaching, Thursday $1.00
5,000 yards of 5c Valciennes Lace, Thursday yard 3c	100 dozen baby Mitts, all colors, Thursday, pair 4c
100 Quilts, our $2.00 kind, Thursday $1.59	25c 40-inch white Organdy, Thursday, per yard.....15c
2,000 yards of Dress Suiting was 15c, Thursday 8 1-2	1,000 yards of Linen Toweling, 15c kind, yard.....9c
Our 15c 40-inch white Lawn, Thursday ... .12 1-2c	100 dozen full size Turkish Towels, 25c kind 19c

Write or Phone for one of Our 4-Page Price Lists for This Sale.

OPENING DAY: THURSDAY.

GAYLORD'S DEPARTMENT STORE

STORE CLOSED WEDNESDAY.

ja 19 tf

For Health and Happiness

there is no beverage that can approach the Pale Export beer brewed by Darley Park Brewing Co. It is always pure and of uniform quality—of the highest excellence. It has that luscious flavor, combined with a body and strength, that is the delight of all connoisseurs.

DARLEY PARK BREWERY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT,
Phone 49. Local Manager.

ja 12 tf

Get Wise---Read Star Business Locals

MEDICAL MEN ON HOSPITAL SHIPS

(Continued From Page 8)

to pilot a hospital ship as it does to pilot a man of war.

Existing regulations give medical officers all necessary authority to control and care for their department on board such a ship. Yet the Surgeon General seems to believe that the navigation, safe conduct and general administration of a seagoing vessel are secondary as regards the responsibilities of commander. Telegraph operators or cable engineers are not put in command of cableships nor are postmasters put in command of mail steamers. A battleship can with propriety be called a floating fort, but artillery officers are not fit for command of them.

In addition to the navigation of the vessel and administration thereof the discipline of the crew must be maintained and there can be no complete control over the discipline of the personnel on board a hospital ship when a part of it is amenable only to one set of laws and the other to the navy regulations.

Admiral Brownson next enters into an analysis of the statutory law bearing on this subject, all of which he declares are prohibitive of the full exercises of command by medical officers.

Admiral Brownson(summarizing his objections to the proposed order as follows:

1. It is directly contrary to law for the medical officer to exercise military command in any other than his own corps.

2. Divided responsibility leads to confusion and poor administration.

3. Experience both in the Sanish-American war and with auxiliaries on the Asiatic station show conclusively that the only organizations for the fleet auxiliary is to have a full naval crew and officers.

4. A sea-going ship, to be efficient must be of necessity commanded by sea-going officers.

The last chapter in the correspondence, a new one also, is a reply by Surgeon General Rixey to Admiral Brownson's memorandum, under the date of January 22. The Surgeon General denies that he ever asked that medical officers be entrusted with the navigation of hospital ships. On the contrary, he said, he asked that the bureau of navigation select a sailing master and crew to navigate the ship, all orders to and from the sailing master to pass through the senior surgeon, who will be in command.

The surgeon general states that the neutrality of the hospital ships demanded that line officers and fighting crews should not be put aboard. He contended that a merchant master and merchant sailors are as efficient in pilotage and navigation as line officers and a fighting crew.

Nurses Dread Lightning.

Of all people who are glad when the season of thunderstorms is past, none are more thankful than professional nurses.

"It isn't that we are so afraid of lightning ourselves," said a nurse in Roosevelt hospital, "but it has a harmful effect on our patients. Most sick people have an unreasonable fear of lightning. In cases of extreme weakness or nervousness a dozen flashes of blinding lightning reduce the patient to such a state of prostration that it takes extraordinary efforts on the part of the nurse to bring him around. If one sick person requires all that extra attention in a thunderstorm, just imagine the predictment of the nurse who has a whole ward full of them on her hands."—New York Press.

On the Job.

Amusing epitaphs are common enough but it is not often that a tombstone inscription is meant to carry a business advertisement. A West Virginia man tells of a singular one which may be seen in a certain cemetery. It was the idea of a widow of a man named Perkins, a partner in a commercial house known as Perkins & Parker Soon after the decease of her spouse Mrs. Perkins married Mr. Parker, her late husband's business associate. The inscription reads:

"Sacred to the memory of James Perkins, for thirty years senior partner of the firm of Perkins & Parker, now Parker & Co."—Harper's Weekly.

Her Helpful Hint.

The honeymoon had waned, and the cupboard was bare.

"Don't worry, Mabel," said the romantic husband as he opened the piano. "Remember music is the food of love."

But the practical little wife shook her head.

"If you really think music is the food of love," she responded, "perhaps you'll step round and get the butcher to give you a beefsteak for a mere song."—London Answers.

New York Life.

The life of New York seems a tragic matchiehe, a religious can-can, the maddest blend in all Christendom of common sense and lunacy, dignity and folly, poetry and a furious pogrom against everything that makes for beauty.—Cor. Pall Mall Gazette.

Telling Tales.

Unsophisticated Visitor (trying to use the telephone)—Kitty, what do you say when you take this thing off the hook? Little Girl—Papa always says, "Darn, you, central, you've given me the wrong number!"—Chicago Tribune.

$1.50 skirts at 98 cents at Rehder's Clearing Sale. **

Only One "BROMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE, BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

BAD NEGROES CAPTURED

They Brained a Telegraph Operator and Killed a Witchman—One of The Surrendered Voluntarily and Another Was Shot.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Knoxville, Tenn., Jan. 23.—Three of a gang of negroes who brained a Cincinnati Southern telegraph operator, John Brown, at Annadel, Morgan county, Tennessee, and later shot and killed a bridge watchman, David Langley, last Saturday night have been captured or killed.

One, name unknown, was killed Monday by a posse.

A second one was captured here yesterday and is being held for safe keeping.

The third, giving his name as Walter Cole, surrendered today to a farmer living near Waterburg, after he had been shot by a posse pursuing him. He was turned over to Sheriff Langley of Morgan county wno started for Knoxville with him.

Excitement is too high in Morgan county to keep the men in Waterburg jail.

WARM WIRELETS.

A joint ballot for United States Senator in the Kentucky legislature result as follows: Beckham 62; Bradley 60; McCreamery 4; scattered 2.

Edward Alexander MacDowell, who has been recognized as America's foremost composer, died at the Westminster Hotel in New York last night. He was 46 years of age.

Jake Schaefer of Chicago successfully defended his title as champion at 18.1 balk line billiards at Philadelphia last night in a match with Albert Cutler of Boston. The final score being Schaefer, 500, Cutler, 476.

Louis E. Pepper, a well known news paper man, died last night, aged 37 years. He was editorial writer on the Roanoke, Va., Times and city editor of the Evening News. He had worked on papers at Danville, Va., and Elizabeth City, N. C.

Signalling that her boiler tubes were leaking, the steamer Oakmore, Johnson Line, plying between Baltimore and Liverpool, put into Hampton Roads yesterday afternoon in the teeth of the gale. Machinists were dispatched to the ship.

Rabbi Samuel Schulman of Temple Bethel New York city, and Alfred Montgomery, an artist of New York city, were the guests of honor last evening at the monthly dinner of the Knife and Fork Club. at Kansas City, Mo. Mr. Montgomery gave an illustrated talk on art. Rev. Schulman spoke on "Money as a measure of manhood."

Notices announcing that the Waltham, Mass., cotton mills of the Boston Manufacturing Company would resume full time, 58 hours a week, beginning today, were posted at the mills yesterday. The mills have been running 42 hours a week for the past six weeks. Six hundred hands are affected.

The superior strength of heavyweight champion Frank Guotch, brought him victory last night in his handicap wrestling match with middleweight champion Jim Barnes at Springfied, Mass. Gotch agreed to throw Barnes three times in an hour and accomplished his task after some clever work. The time for the falls in order was 15:30, 10:30, 10:00.

Judge Emory Speer in the Federal Court at Macon, Ga., granted an injunction to the Kaul Lumber Company of Birmingham, Ala., temporarily restraining the Central of Georgia, the Southern and the Louisville & Nashville railroads fro continuing in effect the two cents extra, per hundred pounds rate on lumber from Alabama to points on the Ohio river and northward, which rate was made effective June 22, 1903.

BLIND MAN'S BUFF.

This Common Game Is of Great Antiquity and French Origin.

Blind man's buff is of French origin and of very great antiquity, having been introduced into England in the train of the Norman conquerors. Its French name, "Colin Maillard," was that of a brave warrior, the memory of whose exploits still lives in the chronicles of the middle ages.

In the year 999 Liege reckoned among its valiant chiefs one Jean Colin. He acquired the name Maillard from his chosen weapon being a mallet, wherewith in battle he used literally to crush his opponents.

In one of the feuds which were of perpetual recurrence in those times he encountered the Count de Touraine in a pitched battle, and, so runs the story, in the first onset Colin Maillard lost both his eyes.

He ordered his esquire to take him in the thickest of the fight, and, furiously brandishing his mallet, did such fearful execution that victory soon declared itself for him.

When Robert of France heard of these feats of arms he lavished favor and honors upon Colin, and so great was the fame of the exploit that it was commemorated in the pantomimic representation that formed part of the rude dramatic performance of the age. By degrees the children learned to act it for themselves, and it took the form of a familiar sport.

The blindfolded pursuer, as, with bandaged eyes and extended hands, he gropes for a victim to pounce upon, in some degree repeats the action of Colin Maillard, the tradition of which is also traceable in the name "blind man's buff."—London M. A. P.

All boys' clothing reduced at Gaylord's. **

Lonsdale, 12 1-2 cents at Gaylord's. **

Wonderful at Gaylord's for 15 days, 15c suiting, 8 1-2c. **

WRECKED ITALIAN BANK

Some Kind of a Bomb Was Exploded That Wrecked the Front of the Building and Exposed the Cash On Hand.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 23.—An exploding bomb tonight wrecked the front of an Italian bank building on Elizabeth street, briefly exposing $40,000 in silver and gold which the bankers, Pasquale A. Pati and Son, had piled in the windows as ocular proof of their ability to pay depositors on demand.

The junior partner, Salvatore Pati, who was on guard inside, was cut by the glass but stuck by his charge and soon had the money stored away in the vaults. The score of clerks had left the place some hours before and the explosion injured none but the younger Pati.

The bomb throwers were quickly lost in the crowd of several thousand excited Italians who gathered about the wreck and their motive is a mystery.

If robbery was the object of the perpetrators, it is believed they were amateurs who lost courage at the critical moment when the tempting treasure was within arm's reach.

Pati, the elder, is one of the most prosperous of the Italian bankers of the city. His institution is capitalized at $500,000.

HER ECONOMY.

She Wasn't Ashamed of It, but Didn't Like It Advertised.

"Of course," said the pretty schoolteacher who had just returned from her long vacation trip to Europe—"of course foreign labels slapped all over a suit case may give it an interesting look, and they certainly indicate that one has been abroad, but I don't feel very proud of the record pasted on my bag. The trouble with it is that I had to economize frightfully while I was in Europe in order to have the trip at all, and I had to stop at the very cheapest hotels I could find. It seemed as if those Europeans were determined to conduct a large advertising campaign through the medium of my suit case, for I couldn't escape their labels.

"I tried in every possible way to prevent the porters from getting hold of my luggage long enough to take it out from under my eyes, but they would grab it up, run away with it to some secret place and come back proudly displaying another huge label stuck to it. In every case I noticed, with additional pain, that the cheaper the hotel was the larger the label it used. It happens that I have a few really swell acquaintances in New York, who know Europe like a book, and they'll take it all in at a glance. Of course I'm not ashamed of having economized, yet I don't exactly care to flaunt my poverty. I only wish the foreign hotels would allow us a choice in the matter."—New York Press.

War and Waur.

He was a gallant colonel of militia, but scarcely a good horseman. Owning even large and popular emporiums on even the best of Edinburgh's best streets does not of itself breed centaurs.

His mount was fresh to an extreme, and the silent figure of Sir Walter Scott, looking down upon the assembling troops from its marble pedestal, may well have expected to see an accident. That, too, was probably the thought of a small street urchin who loitered just out of reach of the prancing hoofs.

"Boy, get away!" exclaimed the ruffled rider testily. "Have you never seen a war horse?"

"Aye," came the answer, "but never a waur rider."—Dundee Advertiser.

In the Smoker.

"What's my state? Wash.—and the cleanest state in the whole Union."

"According to that," remarked the traveler from Pittsburg, "I hail from one fit only for pigs—or literary men."

"Wealthy sinners ought to settle in my state," was the contribution of the Bostonian.

The man from Nashville closed the conversation. "This is too smart a crowd for me," he said, "and yet my state can beat any nine others you fellows can pick out."—New York Times.

He Knew the Step.

A young constable arrived in a certain borough in Scotland and in the course of duty found it essential to apprehend a very old offender. Arrived at the police station, he ushered him into the cells with the comment, "Mind the step."

"Gae awa', man," said the prisoner, with contempt. "I kent the step afore ye was born."—Dundee Advertiser.

What She Was After.

"Of course," said the earl, "everybody will say that you married me for my title."

"Well," replied the beautiful heiress, "what do we care? I get it, don't I?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

At the Foreign Hotel.

Bessie—They charge an awful price for board here, don't they? Billy—Oh, it isn't for the board. That is cheap enough. But they charge an awful lot for the air and scenery.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Suspicion and jealousy never did help any man in any situation.—Lincoln.

$3.50 long kid gloves, $2.99 at Rehder's. **

Today 8c dress ginghams, 6c yard at Gaylord's. **

He Sure Was a Man!

When William Allen rose up in the early seventies and surprised the country by being elected governor of Ohio on the Democratic ticket one of the obstacles he triumphed over was the charge of being an old man. He addressed a great meeting at Mozart hall in Cincinnati the night following the day in which this ill advised charge had been brought against him by a responsible Republican leader. Strong, vigorous and well preserved as he was and retaining unbroken that quality of voice which had designated him as "Foghorn Allen" when he was in the senate, he was still politician enough to use it for all it was worth to him. After stating the charge in all its heinousness he straightened himself to his full height of more than six feet and, beginning in a loud voice, asked, "Am I a man?" The next question was in a voice pitched a scale higher and asked, "Do I look like a man?" But the third, in which he put out all of his tremendous vocal power, thundered to shake the roof in roaring, "Do I talk like a man?" The audience was thrilled. Such high physical power in a man of that age appealed to it irresistibly.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Fascination of Burglary.

"My champion burglar," said Mr. Holmes, the police court missionary, "is a bookbinder by trade, who has been in jail on and off for half a century."

Mr. Holmes' ramifications with this chronic breaker of the law constitute an instructive scene from his work. He behaved to the erring bookbinder quite as a brother; the man had the entree of the house and enjoyed the friendship of the family. How was he in the habit of repaying this hospitality? By going out to burgle. Twice Mr. Holmes set him up, but in vain. The only charm that life has for this extraordinary being is the opportunities it vouchsafes for committing burglary.

"Why on earth don't you leave off burglary?" Mr. Holmes asked him once. "Mr. Holmes," was his reply, "there's no fascination in the world to equal it. The silence of the night, the element of danger, the need of keeping every sense on the alert—it's grand."—Cassell's Journal.

Don't fail to attend the One Cent Surprise Sale 10 to 10:30 at Rehder's Clearing Sale. **

Go to Gaylord's for laces and embroideries this week. **

Watched Fifteen Years.

"For fifteen years I have watched the working of Bucklen's Arnica Salve; and it has never failed to cure any sore, boil, ulcer or burn to which it was applied. It has saved us many a doctor bill," says A. F. Hardy, of East Wilton, Maine. 25c at R. R. Bellamy's drug store.

Buy your clothing at Rehder's. **

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to your Place of Business or Residence for Advertisements for our Business Locals Department. 'Phone the Star office, No. 51.

Rates—25 cents for each insertion of twenty-five words, or less. Additional words, more than twenty-five, one cent per word in advance.

The A. D. T. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Co., or for Notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charges for the telegrams, and but a small charge for notes. For this service call Western Union, 'Phone 2. But for Advertisements always call the Star office, 'Phone 51.

LOST—On Dock street, between Fourth and Sixth, a black silk ruche. Reward if left at 521 Dock street. ja 24-1t

BOY WANTED—One with a backbone and a bright smile, no matter if he's never earned a penny; 10 to 14 years old. Good pay and chance to learn salesmanship. Steady work and short hours. Need not interfere with school duties. Julius T. Gordon, 108 1-2 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. ja 24 1t

FOR SALE—A large lot of empty ink barrels and kegs. Apply at Star office. ja 14 6t

MIDDLE AGED Married couple, no children, desire two rooms furnished for light housekeeping; references required and given. Address W., care Star office. ja 24-2t

TWENTY of the most popular brands of whiskey on the market that formerly sold at $1.25 and $1.50, now on special sale at $1.00 per quart while they last. Phone 1,479. Morris Distilling Company. ja 22-2t

80,000 CEDAR SHINGLES for sale; four, five and six inches. Send in your orders before they are all gone. Roger Moore's Sons & Co. ja 19 1w

700,000 HIGH GRADE Building Brick for sale; "quick delivery and best material" is our motto. Also lime, cement and sewer pipe in stock. Roger Moore's Sons & Co. ja 19 1w

THE AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, corner Sixth and Red Cross streets, furnishes reliable colored help for private families at short notice. James R. Gillespie, manager. Phone 1671. ja 19 6t*

BOY WANTED.—A good opening for an energetic boy under fifteen and a chance to learn business methods. Short hours and good pay. Need not interfere with school duties. Steady work in spare moments all winter. Julius T. Gordon, 108 1-2 Princess street, Wilmington. ja 23-1t

TRUCK FARM FOR RENT—Finest land in this section. On macadam road, quarter of mile from city. Address Box 194, City. ja 16 1w

THE GILBERT HOUSE, corner of Front and Princess streets steam heat, electric lights, hot and cold water. Regular transient and table board. Rates by the week A. M. Gilbert. nov 5 tf

BOARDING—Permanent and Transient. Best location in city. Meals to suit the business men. Strictly up to date. Harnett House, 110 Princess St. Hot and cold baths. Phone No. 719. se.22-tf

AT CANDYCAPPS—Hot and cold soda apparatus in full blast. Ice cream, candies, fruits—the best in the city. Send your orders for ice cream to Candycapps. A. Mavronichols. ja 8-tf

STOP! PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER, Notary Public. Correspondence, depositions, specifications, commercial and general typewriting satisfactorily performed. Court cases and conventions reported. Meares Harriss, 114 Princess Street. Office phone 708; residence phone 546. de 13-tf

Make Your Wants Known Through

THE STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

¶If you want to buy or sell anything, get a better situation, or have lost anything, there is no surer or better way of getting what you want than by inserting a Business Local in The Morning Star. This is demonstrated daily by the hundreds of satisfied advertisers who use this valuable medium. Business Locals bring results because

They Are Read By Thousands

25 WORDS FOR 25c

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

—Hickory, Jan. 22.—The result of the fire alarm turned in last evening was that the Lenoir College auditorium was damaged to the extent of about $300, which was fully covered by insurance. The damage was not great enough to interfere with the regular school exercises.

—Wadesboro, Jan. 22.—Sheriff Martin and a posse are after E. Preston Teal tonight. Two of the deputies were fired on by Teal tonight and returned the fire, but no one is thought to be hurt. Teal escaped from jail several months ago, and has remained at his home, armed, since. His mind is somewhat deranged and it is thought best to recapture him. He has carried exposed to view a large pistol since his escape.

—Statesville, Jan. 22.—For the first time in some months there are more than a half dozen prisoners in the Iredell jail. Just now there are thirteen—an unlucky number—at the jail awaiting trial at the next term of Iredell Superior Court, which convenes Monday. Three of the prisoners were placed in jail this week. The eleventh was Ola Chambers, colored, who is crazy.

—High Point, Jan. 22.—The People's Banking and Trust Company was organized here today with a paid-in capital stock of $50,000. Mr. T. F. Wrenn, of Marion, is the prime mover in the enterprise. This makes the third bank that will be organized here within the next sixty days. The others are the Old North State Banking and Trust Company, promoted by E. D. Steel, of this city, and Northern capitalists, and the bank to be established by King's Mountain persons.

—Canton, Jan. 22.—The great pulp plant of the Champion Fiber Company is nearing completion. The company has started operations and is now daily grinding wood for pulp. The first "chipper" was started Saturday and the grinding of the wood for pulp is most satisfactory. The company, it is stated, has three "chippers" with a grinding capacity of about 285 cords of wood per day. The one "chipper" now in operation, it is said, is grinding an average of something over 75 cords per day.

—Salisbury, Jan. 22.—In a walking contest from New York to San Francisco Benjamin Manster, a professional walker of the former city, reached Salisbury yesterday and spent last night here. He is walking from New York to the Pacific coast by way of New Orleans in 80 days and expects to reach his destination a little ahead of time. He left here this morning for Charlotte, 44 miles South of Salisbury, which he calls a short walk.

—Salisbury, Jan. 22.—The "smile that won't come off" is to been here on everybody's face today. The decision of the Democratic caucus at Raleigh last night has pleased the great majority of Salisburians. Great credit is given on every side to The Observer for its attitude on the State prohibition questoin and the letters of Mr. Adams are read with avidity. Now that the harassing question is done for till next November, everybody can turn to his business and things all around will improve.

—Charlotte, Jan. 22.—The dead body of Thomas Furr, 18 years old, was found a short distance from his home in Union county this morning with a gun shot wound in his heart. Young Furr left home last night, riding a mule. The animal returned at daylight riderless, with blood on the saddle. The body was found in a field and later Furr's gun and blood-stained garments were found in the cabin of Susie Watts, a negress who, with Charles Stratford, a negro, were arrested, charged with the murder.

—Wilson, Jan. 22.—Mr. Frank Hassell, of the law firm of Woodard & Hassell, is back from a professional trip to Martin county, where he went in the interest of Mr. Samuel H. Burr, of New York, plaintiff, against John T. Lych and Robert White, of New York, incorporators of the Martin County Timber Company. For quite a while between six and eight thousand acres of swamp timber land has been in litiagtion—formerly the property of Elder Clayton Moore. The Bank of Martin County bought in the entire tract for the debt they held against it—$3,500. Mr. Burr objected to the sale, as the property is valued at between fifty and sixty thousand dollars. Mr. Hassell thinks that it is best for his client as it now stands, since an indebtedness of twenty-four thousand dollars has been removed.

—High Point, Jan. 22.—Mr. W. T. VanBrunt, of New York City, who is largely interested in the building of the Carolina Valley Railroad and the electric car line in High Point, is in the city. He comes on a tour of inspection of the entire line and will be out going over the properties for a day or so. Some time the latter part of the week an important meeting of the company will be held here, which will mean much to the future of High Point and surrounding territory, I learn. It has been settled beyond a doubt that the Carolina Valley Railroad will be built and that work will commence within thirty days, when the material and construction apparatus will be on the ground. The line when completed will be some sixty miles in length, running from perhaps Wadesboro on the South, where connection with the Seaboard Air Line will be made, through here to Winston on the North, where connection will be made with the Norfolk & Western road. However, just at the present the line will be completed to Thomasville and then stretched out in another direction. Greensboro will be reached in time by the trolley line, if not the railroad. The company is said to have ample money in hand for all purposes and that there is no hindrance whatever now to keep from pushing the work to completion.

Vinol

Our delicious Cod Liver preparation without oil. Better than old-fashioned cod liver oil and emulsions to restore health for Old people, delicate children, weak run-down persons, and after sickness, colds, coughs, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles.

Try it on our guarantee.
ROBT. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.
Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE.

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE H. E. NEWBURY COMPANY:

YOU AND EACH OF YOU ARE HEREBY notified to present your claim against The H. E. Newbury Company of Magnolia, N. C., in writing, duly verified within thirty days from this date and any creditor failing to present his claim within the above time will be barred from participating in the distribution of the assets of the corporation.

This January 20th, A. D., 1908.

M. B. TAYLOR, Receiver,
ja 22-30days Magnolia, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA,
Duplin County,
In the Superior Court.

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF.

W. R. Newbury on behalf of himself and all other Stockholders and Creditors.

vs.

The H. E. Newbury Company.

THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA TO THE SHERIFF OF DUPLIN COUNTY—GREETING:

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED To summon The H. E. Newbury Company, the Defendant above named, if it be found within your County, to be and appear before the Judge of our Superior Court at the Court to be held for the County of Duplin at the Court House in Kenansville on the second Monday before the first Monday in March, 1908, and answer the complaint which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said County within the first three days of the term, and let the said Defendant take notice that if it fails to answer the said complaint within that term, the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint and the cost of this action to be taxed by the Clerk.

Herein fail not, and of this summons make due return.

Given under my hand and seal this 10th day of January, A. D., 1908.

D. H. WALLACE,
Clerk of the Superior Court, Duplin County.
jan 23-3w

Seasonable Goods

Coccanuts, Mixed Nuts, Raisins. Apples, Etc. Bagging and Ties.

A Full Line of Heavy Groceries.

Hall & Pearsall, INC.

nov 23 tf

Schedule Steamer Atlantic

Effective September 1st.

Until further notice, Steamer Atlantic will leave Southport daily at 7:30 o'clock A. M. Leave Wilmington daily, except Sunday, at 2-30 o'clock P. M.

M. T. CRAIG,
Phone 764. General Manager.

Money Advice

Deposit Often

Deposit all you can afford—do not attempt to hoard your savings at home! To do so is to invite a loss by Fire or Burglars, either of which is liable to enter the home at any moment.

This bank offers absolute safety for your savings—it also adds 4 per cent. interest to them while in SAFETY.

Follow this Money Advice by depositing today.

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

MATT J. HEYER, President.
MILTON CALDER, Cashier.
Southern Bldg. Opp. Postoffice
ja 22-tf.

FREE KNIFE!

For a limited time with each Boy suit or shoe for $3.00 and over we give a good 2-Blade Knife, every Boy or Girl will be delighted to get one of these presents; send them to us, we will fit them correctly and give them their money's worth.

CLOTHING

Young Men's Suits in Grey, Black and Browns neat and nobby patterns in latest styles from $7.50 to $15.00.

Men's Suits, a big line of Black Thibets and Unfinished Worsteds latest styles; Vanition lined, a nobby Dress Suit, prices $15 to $25.

Rain Coats, full assortment of Grays, Blacks and Tan Colors, prices $10.00 to $15.00.

SUITS MADE TO MEASURE

If you intend to have a suit made come and look over our samples. We can make you any kind of suit you want from Business suit to full Dress we have an expert here at all times for measuring. We guarantee you a fit or no sale.

Sole agent for Hole-proof Socks and Stockings, the sock that will wear you six months.

J. W. H. FUCHS

128 to 136 South Front Street.

SEABOARD Air Line Railway.

Schedule effective January 5th, 1908 Subject to change without notice.

Direct and shortest line to the principal Cities, South and Southwest also connects at Hamlet with Vestibule Trains North.

Tickets for passage for all trains are sold by this Company and accepted by the passenger with the understanding that this Company will not be responsible for failure to run its trains on schedule time or for any such delays as may be incident to their operation. Care is exercised to give correct time of connecting lines but this Company is not responsible for errors or omissions.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington as Follows

No. 44 at 12:35 A. M. from Charlotte, Hamlet and local Stations.

No. 40 arrives 1:30 P. M. from Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with No 38 from Birmingham and Atlanta, No 33 from Norfolk and Raleigh.

Trains Leave Wilmington as Follows

	No. 45	No. 39
Lv. Wilm't'n..	4:50 A. M.	4:00 P. M.
Ar Lumb't'n..	7:26 A. M.	6:55 P. M.
Ar Maxton....	8:18 A. M.	7:49 P. M.
Ar Hamlet....	9:15 A. M.	8:50 P. M.
Lv Hamlet....	9:45 A. M.	10:20 P. M.
Ar Monroe....	11:40 A. M.	12:20 A. M.
Ar Ch'lotte....	12:35 P. M.	12:35 A. M.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No 66 for Raleigh and Richmond and points north. At Monroe with No. 53 for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No 41 for Atlanta, Birmingham and Charlotte, with No. 84 for Washington and New York, No. 32 for Portsmouth Norfolk and No. 42 for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

For time-tables and any information apply to your nearest Ticket Agent or call Phone No. 1294.

J. D. EDWARDS,
Union Ticket Agent
F. A. FETTER,
Agent.
Phone 86, Wilmington, N. C.
C. H. GATTIS,
Traveling Passenger Agent
Raleigh. N. C.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny CAPSULES are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections, and RELIEVES in 24 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

MIDY

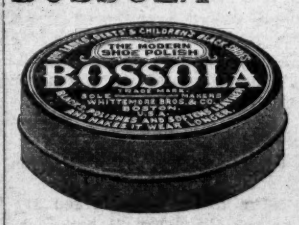
OUR SPECIALTIES

Eastman Kodaks and supplies—Edisons Mimeographs and Neostyles for duplicating. Victor Talking Machines and Records. Globe-Wernicke "Elastic" Book cases. Globe-Wernicke Filing Cabinets. Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pens. Yates & Co's Special $1.00 Fountain Pen. Oliver Typewriters, Ribbons, Carbons, and Stenographers Supplies.

C. W. YATES & CO.
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS.

ja 18 tf

BOSSOLA



A water-proof paste polish for men's, women's and children's shoes. Polishes, softens and makes the leather wear longer. The best 5c polish in the world.

Write or Phone for Wholsale prices.

SOLOMON'S SHOE STORE

ja 19 tf

1st - 2nd - 3rd Three (3) Floors

of Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Suits, Overcoats, Rain Coats, Pants, Fancy Vests, Hats, and Furnishing Goods. :: :: :: :: ::

(Not an accumulation of years of old goods)

But are new, stylish, up-to-date goods of this season's manufacture, and at prices that meet legitimate competition. Call in and let us prove to you our motto:

Better Goods for Same Money;
Same Goods for Less Money.

J. W. FLEET CO.

Phone 673. No. 7 N. Front St.

Phone orders receive prompt and careful attention.

The Buying Class Read The Morning Star, Hence Advertising Pays Best in This Paper

Atlantic Coast Line

Schedule in Effect January 5, 1908

NOTICE.

The arrivals and departures are given as information, as well as connections with other companies; but arrivals and connections are not guaranteed.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48.	No. 42.
Lv Wilmington.....	9:00 am	7:00 pm
Ar. Goldsboro	12:03 pm	9:55 pm
Ar Rocky Mount...	1:35 pm	11:40 pm
Ar. Weldon	4:55 pm	3:30 am
Ar Norfolk	6:05 pm	
Ar Wilson	1:00 pm	10:52 pm
Ar. Petersburg	7:05 pm	5:27 am
Ar Richmond	8:00 pm	6:10 am
Ar Washington	11:50 pm	9:50 am
Ar Baltimore	1:43 am	11:23 am
Ar Philadelphia ...	4:21 am	1:41 pm
Ar New York	7:23 am	4:13 pm

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41.	No. 43.
Lv New York	9:25 am	9:25 pm
Ar Philadelphia ...	11:37 am	12:15 am
Ar Baltimore	2:12 pm	2:51 am
Ar Washington	3:45 pm	4:20 am
Lv Norfolk		8:25 am
Lv Richmond	7:25 pm	8:15 am
Ar Petersburg	8:05 pm	9:03 am
Ar Weldon	9:59 pm	11:30 am
Ar Rocky Mount ..	11:03 pm	12:55 pm
Ar Wilson	11:47 pm	1:59 pm
Ar Goldsboro	6:15 am	3:12 pm
Ar. Wilmington	9:40 am	6:10 pm

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND.

	Daily.	Daily.	Daily.
Lv. Wil't'n	5:15 am	3:35 pm	7:00 pm
Ar Flor.	9:05 am	7:30 pm	4:30 am
Ar. Col'bia	12:25 pm	11:10 pm	
Ar. Ch'st'n	1:10 pm	11:37 pm	7:30 am
Ar Sav'n..	6:50 pm	2:59 am	9:54 am
Ar. J'k'ville		9:00 am	2:20 pm
Ar. Tampa		7:15 pm	11:00 pm

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily.	Daily.
Lv. Tampa	9:00 pm	10:20 am
Lv. Jacksonville..	9:30 am	7:35 pm
Ar. Savannah	1:41 pm	11:59 am
Lv. Charleston ...	6:12 pm	5:20 am
Lv. Columbia.....	4:30 pm	6:06 am
Ar. Florence.....	7:34 pm	3:55 am
Ar Wilmington ..	12:55 am	1:20 pm

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

	Westbound. Daily.	Eastbound. Daily.
Lv. Wilmington	8:40 am	Ar. 3:15 pm
Lv. Fayetteville	12:10 pm	Ar. 4:55 pm
Ar. Sanford	1:40 pm	Lv. 3:40 pm

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEW BERN.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

	Northbound.	Southbound.
Lv. Wilmington..	3:20 pm	1:00 pm
Ar. Newbern ...	7:00 pm	Lv. 9:25 am

Trains No. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Pennsylvania R. R., for all points east.

Trains No. 48 and 49 carry Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.

Trains No. 55 and 50 carry Pullman Sleeper between Wilmington and Columbia.

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.

SMOKE CUBAN BLOSSOM CIGARS!

WHY?

BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST CIGAR FOR THE MONEY.

H. L. VOLLERS.
WHOLESALE GROCER.

MAKE HAY....

and let us Sell you a

HAY PRESS.

to be worked by horse power, making neat small bales. Bagging and Ties, are going to be in good demand and you should buy now.

Full stock Heavy Groceries.

The Worth Co.

Get What You Want By Reading or Using Star Business Locals.

COMMERCIAL

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 22.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady 50 3-4 cents.

ROSIN—Market, nothing doing.

TAR—Market, nothing doing.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market firm $2.25 per barrel for hard, $3.25 for dip and $3.25 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—spirits turpentine 67 1-2c bid; rosin firm $3.80; tar quiet $2.50; crude turpentine, $3.35; $4.50 and $4.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	18
Rosin	247
Tar	—
Crude Turpentine	—

Receipts—Same day last year 37 casks spirits turpentine; 127 barrels rosin; 79 barrels tar; 48 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Steady at 11 3-4 cents for middling.

Same day last year—Steady 10 1-2 cents for middling.

Receipts—2,271 bales, same day last year 335.

PRODUCE MARKET.

PEANUTS—North Carolina Prime 95c, extra prime $1.00; fancy $1.05 per bushel of 28 pounds; Virginia—No. 1, 70; fancy 75@80; Spanish 90c@$1.00.

CORN—Firm, 80@82 1-2 per bushel for white; 78@80 for mixed.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams, 17c per pound; shoulders 12 1-2@13; sides dull, 12 1-2@13c.

EGGS—Dull at 20c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull at 15@30c for large springs; growns, firm, 30@35c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 24c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2@5c. per per pound.

BEEF CATTLE—Dull at 2 to 3 1-2 per pound on foot.

HIDES—Dry flint, 8 to 9c; green 4 to 5c per pound.

PORK—Firm at 7@10c. per pound.

TURKEYS—Firm at 15c on foot; 18@20c. dressed.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 65@70c per bushel.

CHEESE—Firm, 60@70c per head.

COW PEAS — $1.40@$1.50 per bushel; white peas, $2.50 to $2.75 per bushel.

WOOL—Firm at 23@24c per pound.

THE COTTON MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 23.—An early advance on bullish census figures was followed by a very severe break in the cotton market today. The close was steady but at a net loss of 11 to 20 points. Sales were estimated at 500,000 bales.

The market opened firm at an advance of 11 to 18 points with March selling at 11:55 and May at 11.68 during the first few minutes on covering and scattered buying which was promoted by the census report showing only 10,337,607 bales ginned to January 16 against 12,176,199 last year. But there was no sign of support from the bull leaders. On the contrary these interests were believed to be selling and the market soon eased under more general realizing and local bear pressure, which was promoted by reports of easier Southern spot markets and conflicting advices as to labor troubles in Lancashire.

After a nervous and irregular middle-session, the market became sensationally weak with March selling off to 11.15 and May to 11.21, or 40 to 47 points under the high point of the morning, 22 to 27 points below the closing prices of last night and 58 to 60 points below the high level of last Monday. Selling was general on the decline which caught large stop orders and was accompanied by rumors that the bull clique had not only liquidated long lines but had assumed a bearish position on the market. The close was steadied by covering and last prices were a little up from the lowest. Local statisticians claimed that the census figures could not be used as a basis for crop estimates of over 11,720,000 bales.

Receipts at the ports today 50,059 bales against 54,742 last week and 48,397 last year. For the week 225,000 bales against 253,232 last week and 299,135 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 8,879 bales against 12,597 last year, and at Houston 7,529 bales against 6,839 last year.

Spot closed quiet, 20 points lower; middling uplands 11.90; middling gulf 12.15; sales 1,200 bales. Futures opened firm and closed steady.

Month.	Open.	Close.
January	11.30	11.09
February	—	11.08
March	11.50	11.20
April	—	11.23
May	11.65	11.29
June	—	11.25
July	11.43	11.15
August	11.10	10.88
October	10.55	10.30

CENSUS BUREAU REPORT.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Washington, Jan. 23.—The Census Bureau today issued a report showing that the total amount of cotton in the United States ginned from the growth of 1907 to January 16, was 10,337,607 bales as compared with 12,176,199 bales for the same period last year and 9,989,634 bales for the same period in 1906.

The total number of active ginners was 27,370. In this bulletin round are counted as half bales. The number of round bales included is 187,562 for 1908, 253,717 for 1907 and 270,669 for 1906.

Sea Island included 80,187 for 1908; 56,326 for 1907 and 104,710 for 1906.

The distribution of Sea Island cotton for 1908 by States is Florida 27,421; Georgia 40,436; South Carolina 12,330.

There were ginned 9,951,505 bales to January 1st, 1908. The per cent. of the crop ginned to January 16th was 93.8 for 1907 and 95.2 for 1906.

The running bales ginned by States, counting round as half and excluding linters follows:

State.	Number of Bales	Number of Ginneries.
Alabama	1,079,193	3,441
Arkansas	667,196	2,103
Florida	53,472	247
Georgia	1,771,913	4,538
Kentucky	1,341	2
Louisiana	597,476	1,849
Mississippi	1,287,927	1,510
Missouri	29,378	75
New Mexico	303	2
N Carolina	591,856	2,716
Oklahoma	779,659	571
S. Carolina	1,093,707	3,177
Tennessee	238,434	663
Texas	2,146,548	3,975
Virginia	8,212	101

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Quiet, 12 1-4; net receipts 12,053.

New Orleans—Easier, 12 1-4; net receipts 8,879.

Mobile—Net receipts, 306.

Savannah—Quiet, 11 1-2; net receipts 5,397.

Charleston—Quiet, 11 1-2; net receipts 248.

Wilmington—Steady, 11 3-4; net receipts 2,271.

Norfolk—Quiet, 12 1-4; net receipts 3,210.

Baltimore—Nominal, 12 1-4.

New York—Quiet, 11.90.

Boston—Quiet, 11.90; net receipts 45.

Philadelphia—Steady, 12.15.

Port Arthur and Sabine Pass—Net receipts 6,819.

Port Townsend—Net receipts 5,376

Pensacola—Net receipts, 5,355.

Total today, at all ports, net receipts 50,059; Great Britain 2,124; France 9,865; Continent 16,218; Japan 8,718; stocks 923,177.

Consolidated, at all ports, net receipts 205,179; Great Britain 83,530; France 43,182; Continent 59,841; Japan 15,873.

Total since September 1st, at all ports, net receipts 5,919,780; Great Britain 1,995,393; France 564,678; Continent 2,001,036; Japan 119,381; Mexico 1,299.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Quiet, 12 1-8; net receipts 7,529.

August—Quiet, 12; net receipts 1,621.

Memphis—Steady, 12 1-8; net receipts 1,931.

St. Louis—Steady, 12 1-4; net receipts 700.

Cincinnati—Net receipts 1,202.

Louisville—Firm, 12 1-8.

Little Rock—Steady, 11 11-16; net receipts 1,591.

Total today—Net receipts 14,574; gross receipts 16,778; shipments 14,660; sales 2,039; stocks 306,279.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

(By Cable to the Morning Star.)

Liverpool, Jan. 23.—Cotton: Spot quiet, prices 2 points higher; American middling fair 7.15; good middling 6.79; middling 6.53; low middling 6.19; good orginary 5.77; ordinary 5.27.

The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 5,000 American. Receipts 41,000 bales included 40,300 American. Futures opened and closed steady. American middling G. O. C.: January 6.08; January and February, February and March 6.08; March and April 6.08; April and May 6.08; May and June 6.07 1-2; June and July 6.06; July and August 6.01 1-2; August and September 5.90; September and October 5.74; October and November 5.64; November and December 5.61 1-2.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York. Jan. 23.—An auction of silk goods today was successful. The prices ranged from 15 to 20 per cent. below the list, generally speaking, but the strong feature of the sale was the number of buyers present and the activity of the biddings. Cotton goods in the very grey were easier but in the late afternoon there was a fear that lower priced cotton would affect the situation seriously. Jobbers are doing a little more trading and while the market is filled with buyers all trading is in limited quantity.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 23.—The movement of the stock market today was under constraint and professional operations were notable to make much impression on prices.

Their dealings made up a large portion of the total transactions. The reduction in the official discount rates of both banks of England and France was made the occasion for opening prices here on a higher level. The rapid progress towards ease in the money market was unaccompanied by any positive evidence of a revival being thus stimulated in trade activity, although improvement in sentiment in various lines of trade was discernible as it applied to hopes of future revival.

The announcement of a Treasury call for the New York banks for $10,000 of government deposits was passed over, as an unimportant incident. The same was true of the advance of foreign exchange towards the gold export point. The hand full of railroads which have reported their net earnings, for December cannot safely be accepted as a criterion of the general showing to be made but the shrinkage shown by these few roads is so heavy as to leave a formidable impression of the possible exhibit to be made by more complete figures.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales, par value, $2,294,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call. Total sales of stocks today 584,800 shares.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 23.—Prime mercantile paper 6 to 7; sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8705 to 4.8710 for demand and at 4.8360 to 4.8365 for sixty day bills. Commercial bills 4.83 1-2 to 4.83 3-8. Bar silver 55 3-4; Mexican dollars 44.

Money on call easy 1 1-2 to 2 1-4 per cent., ruling rate 2; closing bid 2; offered at 2.

Time loans easy, sixty days 4 per cent; ninety days 4 1-2 per cent.; six months 4 1-2 to 4 3-4 per cent.

New York Bonds.

U. S. refunding 2s reg	104
U. S. refunding 2s cou	104
U. S. 3s reg	100 1-8
U. S. 3s cou	101
U. S. new 4s reg	118 1-4
U. S. new 4s cou	120 1-2
American Tobacco Co. 4s	66
American Tobacco Co. 6s	101 1-2
Atlantic Coast Line	98
Baltimore & Ohio	99 1-2
L. & N. Unified 4s	97 1-4
Seaboard Air Line	52
Southern Railway 5s	85 1-2
U. S. Steel 5s	88 1-4

Closing Stock List.

Amalgamated Copper	49 1-4
American Car Foundry	30 1-2
American cotton Oil Co	32 3-4
Amr. Cotton Oil Co. pfd	80@85
American Locomotive	36 3-4
American Smelting and ref	65 1-4
Amr. Smelting & Ref pfd	90
American Sugar Refining	112
Amr. Tobacco pfd cert	79
Atchison	72
Atchison, pfd	86 3-4
Atlantic Coast Line	65 1-2@74
Baltimore & Ohio	87 1-4
Baltimore & Ohio pfd	85
Chesapeake & Ohio	29 1-2
Kansas City Southern	22
Kansas City Southern pfd	51 3-4
L. & N	97 3-4
New York Central	100 1-4
Norfolk & Western	68 1-2
Norfolk & Western pfd	80@83
Pennsylvania	115 3-5
People's Gas	85 1-2
Reading	101 5-8
Reading 2nd pfd	81
Rock Island Co.	14 1-8
Rock Island Co. pfd	28
Southern Pacific	75 1-8
Southern Pacific pfd	110 1-2
Southern Railway	10 1-8
Southern Railway pfd	32 1-2
Tenn., Coal & Iron	95
U. S. Steel	30 1-4
U. S. Steel pfd	94 5-8
Va-Car. Chemical	17 7-8
Va.-Car. Chemical pfd	90@93
Seaboard Air Line	—
Seaboard Air Line pfd	—
Standard Oil	481 1-4
Western Union	57

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 23.—Flour—steady with trading quiet.

Rye Flour—Steady.

Buckwheat Flour—Quiet.

Corn Meal—Firm.

Wheat—Spot steady, No. 2 red 104 3-4 elevator. Options 1-8c net lower. May 1.10 1-8; July 1.05 5-8.

Corn—Spot barely steady; No. 2, 75 nominal elevator. Options 1-4c net lower. May 70 3-8; July 69.

Oats—Spot easy; mixed 53 1-2.

Lard—Steady.

Pork—Easy.

Tallow—Barely steady.

Rice—Firm.

Molasses—Steady.

Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining 3.30 centrifugal 96 test 3.80; molasses sugar 3.05. Refined—Steady.

Coffee—Spot steady. No. 7 Rio, 6 1-4; Santos No. 4, 8 7-8. Mild coffee—Steady; Cordova 8 1-2 to 13. Futures net unchanged to five points higher.

Butter—Steady; State dairy common to finest 20 to 30.

Cheese—Firm, unchanged.

Eggs—Firm; Western and Southern firsts 23; seconds 22 to 22 1-2.

Cotton seed oil—Steady with a fair trade in futures. Prime crude 31 1-2 to 32; prime summer yellow 41 1-2 to 42; off summer yellow 40 to 41 1-2; good off summer yellow 39 to 41 1-2; prime white 40 to 43; prime winter yellow 44 1-2 to 46.

Freights and Peanuts—Quiet, unchanged.

Potatoes—Easy; Maine per sack 2.20 to 2.35.

Cabbages—Weak; red per ton 17.00 to 18.00; Danish seed, per ton 9.00 to 11; domestic 6.00 to 7.00; red per barrel 1.25 to 1.50.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Chicago, Jan. 23.—Heavy realizing sales caused a weak finish today in the local wheat market, the May option showing a net loss of 1-8 to 1-4. Corn was off 3-8 to 1-2. Oats were down 3-8. Provisions were unchanged to 2 1-2 to 5c higher.

Leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat—May, 1.02 1-2; July, 98 1-8; September, 95 1-4.

Corn—May, 61; July, 59 1-2; September, 59 1-8.

Oats—May, old, 53 3-4; May, new, 51 3-4; July, old, 46 5-8; July, new, 45.

Mess pork, per barrel—February, 12.52 1-2; May, 13.02 1-2.

Lard, per 100 pounds—January, 7.65; May, 7.90.

Short ribs, per 100 pounds—January, 6.62 1-2; May, 6.92 1-2; July, 7.12 1-2.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour, easy; No. 2 spring wheat, 1.09 to 1.11; No. 3 98 to 1.10; No. 2 red, 97 1-4 to 99 1-8; No. 2 corn, 59 to 1-2; No. 2 yellow, 62 to 62 1-2; No. 2 oats, 50 1-2; No. 3 white, 49 1-2 to 52; No. 2 rye, 83; fair to choice malting 85 to 96; No. 1, northwestern, 1.22 1-4; prime timothy seed, 4.40; clover, contract grades, 17.00; short ribs, sides (loose) 6.25 to 6.62 1-2; mess pork per barrel, 12.62 1-2 to 12.75; lard, per 100 pounds, 7.62 1-2 to 7.65; short clear sides (boxed), 6.62 1-2 to 6.75; whiskey, basis of high wines, 1.35.

NAVAL STORES.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 23.—Rosin strong, turpentine quiet.

Charleston, S. C., Jan. 23.—Turpentine and rosin, nothing doing; quotations omitted.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 23.—Spirits turpentine firm, 51 1-2; sales, 97; receipts, 311; shipments, 278.

Rosin, firm; sales, 2,175; receipts, 1,362; shipments, 810; stocks, 115,804. Quote: A. B. C. D., 3.85; E, and F, 3.85 to 3.90; G, 3.90 to 3.95; H, 3.95 to 4.00; I, 4.15; K, 4.95; M, 5.75; N, 6.00; WG, 6.25; WW, 6.50.

MARINE

CLEARED.

Str. Daleby, Ramsey, Bremen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Exports—Foreign.

Bremen—Br. str. Daleby, 11,900 bales cotton, valued at $715,000; cargo and vessel by Alexander Sprunt & Son.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 23, 1908.

C. C. Railroad—363 bales cotton.

W. & W. Railroad—666 bales cotton.

W., C. & A. Railroad—931 bales cotton.

A. & Y. Railroad—298 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine.

Str. Johnson—13 casks spirits turpentine, 170 barrels rosin.

Str. May Flower—13 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine.

Str. Bee—77 barrels rosin.

Total—2,271 bales cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 247 barrels rosin, — barrels tar, — barrels crude turpentine.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Cameron (Br.) 1,929 tons, Presant, Heide & Co.

Reliance (Br), 2,362 tons, Candlish, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Haxby (Br.), 2,252 tons, Eriksson, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Thimbleby, (Br.) 1,168 tons, Northards Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Arroyo (Br.), 2,307 tons, Plough, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Admiral (Br.), 33 tons, Pearce, Springer Coal Co.

Howard B. Peck, 448 tons, Dodd, C. D. Mafitt.

Lejok, 297 tons, Cressey, C. D. Maffit.

George A. McFadden, 936 tons, Meaders, Port Tampa to New York, C. D. Mafitt.

Sedgwick, 473 tons, Hagerthy, C. D. Mafitt.

J. S. Hoskins, 390 tons, Gale, C. D. Mafitt.

The TONIC par excellence in cases of convalescence from

LA GRIPPE

INFLUENZA and all FEVERS.

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has for half a century been the successful remedy.

Sold by all druggists

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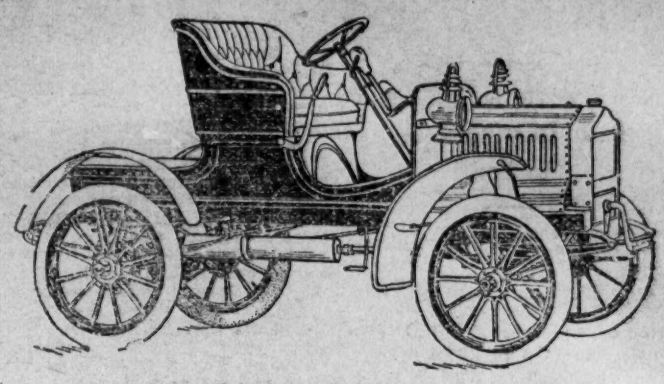
THE PEERLESS MAXWELL

Guaranteed for 12 months and will last ten years.



A wise and discriminating buyer will investigate.

FRANK HERBST, Sole Agent.

We have the Nobbiest Line of Xmas Slippers In the City.

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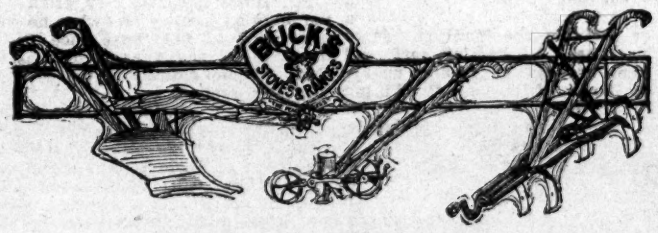
Mr. Auto Buyer:—

Have you seen the FORD 1908 Sensation?

"IT'S THE AUTO AT A DECENT PRICE."

PLATT & COMPANY

Agents.



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"TWO HORSE REVERSIBLE DISC PLOWS.
TWO HORSE B. O. S. B. KY. PLOWS.
ONE HORSE PONY KY. PLOWS.
IRON AGE HARROWS AND CULTIVATORS.
CLARK'S CUT-AWAY HARROWS.
and a full line of Farming Utensils Call or write for price.

WM. E. SPRINGER & COMPANY

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1-4 OFF SALE! **J. M. SOLKY & CO.'S CLOTHING ...NEWS...** **1-4 OFF SALE!**

For Those With a True Sense of Economy

We will place on sale today, every man's, youth's and child's over coat and rain coat that we have in stock at ONE-FOURTH OFF, this gives you a chance to buy a fine garment for a little money. We will also include in this sale all of our DRESSED and UNDRESSED Kid Gloves, so don't wait till the other fellow gets your size, but come at once.

Each of these over coats and rain coats were made up for the current season and exemplifies the skill of three of the finest clothing makers in this country.

All our clothing is made by Strouse & Brothers, B. Kuppenheimer & Co., and L. Adler & Bros., and we guarantee every garment that we sell to give satisfaction.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

THE ONE PRICE CLOTHIER

Masonic Temple Building. Front Street

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How Is Your Digestion.

Mrs. Mary Dowling of No. 228 8th Ave., San Francisco, recommends a remedy for stomach trouble. She says: "Gratitude for the wonderful effect of Electric Bitters in a case of acute indigestion, prompts this testimonial. I am fully convinced that for stomach and liver troubles Electric Bitters is the best remedy on the market today." This great tonic and alternative medicine invigorates the system, purifies the blood and is especially helpful in all forms of female weakness. 50c. at R. R. Bellamy's drug store.

Remember Gaylord's Big Sale now going on. All cloaks and clothing at cost. **

Attend Rehder's Clearing Sale. **

A Star Business Local Is a Good Investment. A Trial Proves.

THREE EXPERTS TO BE ALLOWED

Justice Dowling is Anxious To Push Thaw Trial To An End.

"A PURE LOOKING GIRL"

Was the First Impression Murderer Had of the Chorus Girl Although He Was Then Told That "She Belonged to White."

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 23.—When an early adjournment of the Thaw trial was taken today in order to enable the attorneys for the defense to prepare their long hypothetical question, covering all the evidence in the case, there seemed no longer any doubt that next week will bring the second hearing to a close.

Justice Dowling has decided to limit each side to three expert witnesses and two of the defense's trio were heard today as to the facts of the mental and physical examinations they made of Harry Thaw in the tombs prison following his arrest.

No experts for the State have yet appeared and Mr. Jerome has not indicated the manner in which he will combat the testimony of the defense's alienists. All the doctors who served Mr. Jerome at the first hearing are under subpoenae by the defense as posible witnesses in sur-rebuttal.

As Mr. Jerome turned the tables yesterday on Mrs. William Thaw by reading to the jury the affidavits she made a year ago to the lunacy commission which was testing her son's condition of mind, so the defense may show a seeming reversal by having the State's alienists admit upon the stand that they made affidavits a year ago in which they expresed the opinion that Harry Thaw was suffering from incurable paranoia and had been a victim of that mental malady for many years.

Justice Dowling had a conference with all of the attorneys interested in the case before announcing his decision to limit the amount of expert testimony. Last year the defense offered six experts to answer the hypothetical question against nine by the District Attorney. The defense should conclude its evidence tomorrow.

Dr. Charles G. Wagner, of Binghamton, N. Y., and Dr. Britton D. Evans, of Morris Plains, N. J., both superintendents of State institutions for the insane, were on the stand today. In detailing their conversations with Thaw in the tombs they brought out more clearly two points which were glossed over last year. The first of these was to the effect that Thaw had told them that in 1900 or 1901 he had been a guest of Stanford White at a dinner party in the Madison Square Garden tower. He had left early and had been accused of breaking up the party. Some of the guests did not eat much, Thaw declared, and the young woman who sat next him declared the food was bad.

Thaw also told the physicians of the first time he saw Evelyn Nesbit. It was in 1901 in front of a theater. "A pure looking girl," he described her. When he asked who she was he was told the name was Nesbit and that "she belong to Stanford White."

Thaw managed afterwards to meet the girl at an after-theater supper in company with several other chorus people.

The European witnesses who are yet to be heard for the defense will arrive tomorrow morning on the steamer Adriatic, which is expected to dock at 9 A. M. The court sesion begins at 10 o'clock and every effort will be made to have them there at that time as Mr. Littleton is anxious the evidence shall be in before he puts his hypothetical question.

Besides Doctors Wagner and Evans, the question will be answered for the defense by Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe, of Columbia University, who appeared at the last trial.

Dr. Charles L. Bailey, of Albany, N. Y., was called as the first witness today. Dr. Bailey attended Thaw on a New York Central Railway train between Hudson and Albany in April, 1906.

"When I was called in to see him," said the witness, "Thaw was chattering something like 'Shasta, shasta, shasta, the Pennsylvania runs into the New York Central." He kept on repeating this for some time. His eyes were bulging and he appeared unsound. I gave him a hypodermic of morphine with the assistance of the porter. When Thaw saw the syringe he said: 'Take away that die stuff.' I was very close to him and could not detect the odor of alcohol."

On cross examination Dr. Bailey said Thaw did not respond to his interrogations, but rambled on incoherently. His pulse was about 90.

Dr. Charles G. Wagner, of Binghampton, N. Y., succeeded Dr. Bailey.

District Attorney Jerome and Mr. Littleton had a long argument as to the admissibility of Thaw's statements to Doctors Wagner and Evans in the tombs following the homicide. Justice Dowling finally held that the statements were admissible as the basis for the expert opinion formed by the alienist.

Dr. Wagner said Thaw told of his efforts to have Stanford White punished by appealing to Anthony Comstock and District Attorney Jerome. He said he had not intended attacking White; that Providence took the matter in hand and did it in its own way. Thaw also said he had been followed by a gang of thugs whom White had employed to engage him in a street quarrel and then kick him to death.

"Mr. Thaw gave the history of his life," continued the witness. "He said he never got along very well at school and once thought of being a painter. In traveling abroad he had met some pretty fast people but had never been a dissipated man or much in the company of women. He said he rarely or never drank whiskey alone. He always wanted to talk of the wrongs he said Stanford White had done, and he referred to those whom he termed 'other rich criminals engaged in the same practices.'

"His manner of speech was very rapid and at times incoherent."

On one of his visits to Thaw, Warner said the defendant was very solicitous about the draughts in the prison and had put a newspaper over the grating in the cell door. Thaw said there were people who hoped he would catch cold and die so the case would never come to trial and Stanford White's acts never would be known.

The physician-witness then went at length into the details of the physical examination of the defendant. The testimony was a repetition of that given at the first trial. Thaw's manner under examination was domineering. Thaw passed a good physical test, his reflexes being normal. His pulse, however, varied in a remarkable way, running in the space of a minute from 78 to 102 beats and then back again.

Dr. Wagner said Thaw never spoke of White by name, but always referred to him as "the beast" or the "blackguard."

Mrs. Catherine E. Cain, the former milliner of Boston, who overheard Thaw's proposal to Mrs. Nesbit for the hand of her daughter in marriage, was called to the stand. Mrs. Cain testified that she was with Thaw at the theater party after their marriage.

Stanford White came into the theater. When asked what effect this had upon the defendant, Mrs. Cain said his acts impressed her as irrational. At the meeting with Mrs. Nesbit she heard Thaw offer to settle a sum of money upon the mother.

Dr. Britton D. Evans, superintendent of the New Jersey State hospital for the insane at Morris Plains, who introduced the "brain storm" into the case last year, then took the stand. Dr. Evans went over much of the ground covered by Dr. Wagner, the two having been together on most of their visits to Thaw. Thaw talked very rapidly the witness said, his words tumbling one over the other. "He always assumed an air of great importance as if to impress me that he was the master of the situation," continued Dr. Evans and would tell me what should have been done rather than that I should tell him anything. There was always the same glare of the eyes, the same egotism, the same nervous twitchings of the face, the same suspicious attitude every time I saw the defendant."

When Dr. Evans had concluded the court at 3:39 P. M., adjourned until tomorrow.

BRYAN IN BIRMINGHAM.

He Makes Two Speeches and Compliments the Republican Hen.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 23.—Birmingham tendered to William J. Bryan and Judson Harmon a remarkable welcome during their visit today. Mr. Bryan made a public address this morning to a crowd which taxed the capacity of the Bijou Theater and hundreds were turned away.

Mr. Harmon spoke very briefly at the morning meeting and when he was introduced as the "next Vice President" there was a great demonstration. "I am entirely unworthy," he modestly replied.

Mr. Bryan, Mr. Harmon, Governor B. B. Comer and Lieutenant Governor Gray spoke at the banquet given by the Board of Trade tonight in honor of the visitors.

In his speech this morning Bryan predicted a Democratic victory this year, and he based his prediction on a united Democratic party and a divided Republican party.

The speaker at length stated that the principles of the Democratic platforms of the past had been vindicated by their adoption by the Republicans. "If the Republican party hatches the Democratic egg," he said, "the Democrats are entitled to some of the credit."

Mr. Bryan also said that the doctrine of States Rights was as dear to the Northern States as it was to the States of the South. He praised Governor Comer, Governor Glenn and Governor Smih for the fight they have made for the right of the States to regulate corporations doing business in their States, and added that it was absurd for a Federal judge to set himself up as greater than a State.

The banquet tonight was attended by prominent Democrats from all parts of Alabama and included every State official. Mr. Harmon spoke to the toast "A Reminiscence."

TILLMAN TALKS

He Addresses the Legislature of South Carolina on Negro Question.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 23.—Senator B. R. Tillman, in an address before the General Assembly tonight advocated the repeal of the fifteenth amendment and the encouragement of desirable immigration as a means to offset the so called inevitable negro domination in the States in which the blacks predominate.

He said that the regular educational fund of the several States coupled with that of northern philanthropists would soon enable the negroes to comply with the constitutional requirements of the various Southern States and thus govern where they outnumber the whites.

He believed, from hand primaries in the North and West, that those sections would help the South to repeal the fifteenth amendment.

General William E. Mickle of the United States Confederate Veterans, has notified the arrangements committee for the annual reunion to be held in Birmingham, Ala., June 9, 10, and 11, that two parades will be given this year. In one parade are to be no persons except actual veterans. In the other will be the sponsors, maids, national guards and all others. This is an innovation which it is believed will make the parade less trying on the aging veterans.

The talk of the town. Gaylord's Big Sale. **

MEDICAL MEN ON HOSPITAL SHIPS

Whether They Should be Placed In Charge of Naval Craft Discussed.

BROWNSON'S REPORT IS READ

Surgeon General Rixey Makes a Flat Denial—The Urgency Deficiency Bill Occupied the Attention of House During Most of Session.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Washington, Jan. 23.—Senator Stone, of Missouri, today presented statistics of government deposits in National Banks to show that the distribution of money during the recent currency stringency was not equitable as contemplated by the law governing the treasury department. He declared that the West and South were discriminated against while New York and Boston were favored. His speech was on his resolution pending in the Senate directing a committee to investigate and report the facts in these transactions.

Mr. Stone read from official statements showing that on August 22, 1907, there was deposited in national banks $143,282,393, and on December 3, 1907, $223,117,083, an increase in three and one-half months of $79,834,098. He found that this increase deposit had been distributed so as to give New England an increase of 47 per cent. over the former amount placed there, the middle States an increase of 94 per cent.; the Southern States 35 per cent.; the middle Western States 37 per cent.; the Western States 10 and the Pacific States 9 per cent.

"These increases," he said "show a startling condition in the deposit of money in the different sections and shows to my mind an indifference to, and an utter failure to observe the requirements of the law.

Senator Burrows of Michigan, said that he had a statement of the distribution of the money referred to from August 22 and December 3, 1907, and it showed that New England was entitled to 10 1-2 per cent., and received 5 1-2 per cent. The Eastern States were entitled to 44 1-2 and received 50 per cent.; the Eastern States and New England together were entitled to 55 per cent.; and had 55 1-2 per cent. of the deposits.

The Southern States as a whole were entitled to 12 1-3 per cent., and received 13 per cent. The Middle-West was entitled to 23 1-2 per cent. and received 20 per cent. The Western States were entitled to 5 per cent. and had 4 per cent., and the Pacific States were entitled to 4 1-2 and received 6 1-2 per cent.

Mr. Burrows said he had made his calculations on the basis of capital and surplus of the banks in the several sections.

In answer to a statement by Mr. Stone, that Southern and Western banks sent in their money to New York, Mr. Beveridge declared that they did so merely to receive the large rates of interest and not because of any control exercised over them.

Mr. Stone declared that the treasury department had had in three and one-half months placed $47,000,000 in the banks of New York "in order that they might loan it out."

If he (Mr. Stone) had made the distribution of this money, he said, he would have taken into consideration the population and geographical location of the States and would not have made it on the basis of the capital and surplus of banks.

Senator Teller followed with brief comments upon the action of the Secretary of the Treasury, declaring that the placing of money in New York City during the panic was fully justified. He paid a high tribute to the rich men who he said had promptly offered practically their entire capital in order to stem the tide of disaster in that city, which threatened the entire country.

"It is possible," he said "that the Treasury department did not distribute the money in proportion either to the banking capital or of the population, but there was one storm center of the whole trouble.

"In my judgment," he declared, "the Secretary of the Treasury could not have served the country better than by putting the money in New York City. There were 12 to 15 trust companies there that were in a condition to go to the wall. They needed the money. The banks came to their relief. If they had failed there would have been a failure of banks practically all over the country.

"This is the age of criticism of people who have money. They have been charged with having brought on this panic. Some of the rich men of this country who have been paraded in the magazines as people inordinately rich, put up practically their entire capital to tide over the disaster in the panic. One man put up $40,000,000. Some of these rich men could have made a great deal of money by letting the banks fail."

Mr. Teller expressed the opinion that the financial stringency had been brought on by over-speculation and over-valuation. He approved the plan for paper money amounting to $500,000,000 to be issued in case of financial disasters.

Te Senate devoted the latter part of the session to a consideration of a bill to revise the criminal code and adjourned until Monday.

In the House.

The Urgent Deficiency Appropriation bill occupied the attention of the House to the exclusion of all other business.

A surprise was sprung when Chairman Tawney of the Appropriations Committee warned the members that the country was confronted with the certainty of a $100,000,000 deficit, unless the estimates for the next fiscal year should be cut down materially.

The urgent deficiency bill carries a total appropriation of $24,074,450.

Mr. Tawney declared that he deemed it his duty to call attention to the necessity of keeping expenditures within estimated revenues. "I do not make this statement for the purpose of exciting alarm," he said, "nor for the purpose of exciting any apprehension in the mind of any one regarding the ability of our government to meet all of its obligations now existing, or that this Congress may create."

Continuing Mr. Tawney said he had been ultra-conservative in his statement of the financial condition of the country.

Replying to a question by Mr. Clark, Missouri, Mr. Tawney made it plain that there would be no new appropriations this session for rivers and harbors or public buildings for he said his calculations did not include them.

A discussion on tariff revision was injected into the proceedings in which leaders on both sides of the House tried to commit one another to a definite announcement as to whether, if successful, at the November elections there would be tariff legislation.

Mr. Mann, Illinois, referred to the promises of both parties that if successful, they would revise the tariff and inquired of Mr. Tawney if it was not true that always immediately preceding a revision of the tariff there was a great decline in the custims receipts of the government. Mr. Tawney replied that such was the case and said there was always a decrease in the internal revenue as well.

Mr. Tawney stated that the estimates did not take into consideration the fact that the tariff probably would be revised nor the effect of the revenues of the government resulting from the recent financial depression. The estimates were made prior to the money stringency.

"Is the gentleman ready to guarantee revision of the tariff provided the Republicans prevail next November?" asked Mr. Livingston, Georgia.

"No," said Mr. Tawney, "and I am not willing to guarantee that there will be tariff revision if the Democrats prevail in November."

Mr. Davis, Minnesota, wanted to know if Republican tariff revision would increase or decrease the revenues. Mr. Tawney replied that it would depend altogether upon the nature of the revision and the character of the items revised. "One thing is certain," said Mr. Tawney, "Republican revision would be along lines to bring revenues enough to pay all expenses of the government."

Asked by Mr. Cockran, New York, if the efficiency of the government could be maintained by scaling the estimates $100,000,000, Mr. Tawney emphatically replied that it could.

Mr. Underwood, Alabama, took Mr. Tawney's warning as the text for a lengthy discussion of the recent financial depression. Mr. Underwood maintained that there were no natural ordinary conditions that produced that depression. The country, he said, was prosperous and there were no exterior causes. It was not an act of God. It was not because of fire, pestilence or famine, crop failures or dearth of money, but because of a lack of confidence. It therefore had been demonstrated, he said, that so far as the Republican party was working for the prosperity of the country it had dissolved partnership with God because "the Almighty has produced in this country and has lavished bountifully upon it, and only the Republican party has failed in its part of the partnership." He put the blame for the money stringency on the present national banking laws, which he said the Republicans had failed to adjust in order to avert just such a condition."

The method of making appropriations was criticised by Mr. Keifer, Ohio, who said it was unbusiness like. By appropriating only for the things that bring results, he declared, a great saving would be accomplished. He favored increased fortifications and said that if for instance, Peal Harbor and perhaps Manila, were properly fortified "we would not be talking so much or hearing so much about a foreign war and we would not have to incur the millions of expense sending our fleet of sixteen battleships around the horn in order that we may show that we have some spirit left for war if war should come."

He branched off on the subject of the Panama Canal and defended the expenditures for it. Consideration of the bill had not been concluded when the House adjourned at 4:40 P. M.

The speaker laid before the members the response of Secretary of Navy Metcalf to the resolution introduced by Representative Gill, of Maryland, calling for the correspondence that had taken place relative to the designation of staff officers to naval commands. The correspondence is voluminous dating back to 1904, when Acting Secretary Darling authorized medical officers to use the term of "in command of" instead of "in charge of" to designate their official positions.

An interesting paper among them is an endorsement by Admiral Converse, then chief of the Navigation Bureau, dated June 4, 1906, upon a proposition originating with the joint board of medical officers of the army and navy to place hospital ships in command of naval surgeons.

In that case Admiral Converse recommended against the placing of hospital ships in commission in time of peace and also against the placing of medical officers in command, even with civilian crews. The new matter in the correspondence however, about which Congress particularly desired information consists of a long memorandum prepared by Admiral Brownson, then chief of the bureau, dated November 18th last, anticipating the Admiral's resignation by nearly a month. Admiral Brownson holds that whether hospital ships or not, such vesels as the Relief was to accompany a fleet to fulfill their purposes, and to do so must be navigated and handled in the same seamanlike manner as required of all vesels to assure safety on the high seas. There is nothing in the training of a medical officer which fits him for such command. It requires just as skillful a navigator

(Continued on Page 5)

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GAINED COVETED LAP

Change Was Made in the Big Kansas City Bicycle Race.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 23.—A break was made in the relative standing of the leading teams in the six day bicycle rcae in convention hall today, when Vardgett and Mitten gained a lap.

Bardgett was relieved by Mitten who in a great burst of speed secured the coveted lay. Fogler and Moran then set a dizzy pace for two miles in an effort to recoup the lap but Mitten hung on and was himself relieved by Bardgett in time to foil the efforts of the other sprinters.

The score at 5:30 today was: Bardgett and Mitten 557 miles 10 laps; Root and Fogler; Lawson and Moran; Hopper and Holbrook and Wiley and Sherwood each 557 miles 9 laps; Munroe and Morgan 556 miles 5 laps.

NEGRO WAS SHOT DEAD

He Had Hit His Superintendent on the Head With a Shovel.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Americus, Ga., Jan. 23.—Superintendent Stephens, on the Ray plantation near Americus, instantly killed John Chambliss, a negro employe late today.

Stephens reprimanded Chambliss for neglecting work when the negro, he alleges, struck him with a shovel. Stephens shot Chambliss dead. Stephens surrendered.

WILL HAVE ANOTHER TRIAL.

Navy Department Has Decided to Give New Cruiser Another Trial.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The Navy Department has practically decided upon another speed trial of the armored cruiser North Carolina, probably within a week, off the Chesapeake Capes under conditions as to the opening of bulkhead doors and other matters desired by the contractors.

25c Madras, 18c; 15c dotted Swiss, 12 1-2c at Gaylord's. **

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